## **CBSE Board**

## **Class 10** | Democratic Politics

## CHAPTER-3 | Gender, Religion and Caste

QUIZ-01



(C)

- 1. What is the literacy rate among women in India compared to men?
  - A. 66% (women), 90% (men)
  - B. 54% (women), 76% (men)
  - C. 60% (women), 70% (men)
  - D. 50% (women), 80% (men)

**Explanation:** The literacy rate is 54% for women and 76% for men, showing a significant gender gap.

- 2. What does the Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 ensure?
  - A. Paid maternity leave for all women
  - B. Higher salaries for working women
  - C. Equal wages for equal work
  - D. Free education for girls

(C)

**Explanation:** The Act provides for equal wages to both men and women for equal work.

- 3. Which body reserves one-third of its seats for women in India?
  - A. Lok Sabha
  - B. State Legislative Assemblies
  - C. Panchayati Raj Institutions
  - D. Rajya Sabha (C)

**Explanation:** Panchayats and municipalities have 33% seats reserved for women.

- 4. What is communalism based on?
  - A. Cultural celebrations
- B. Religious diversity
- C. Religion as the principal basis of community
- D. Secular harmony (C)
- **Explanation:** Communalism promotes the idea that followers of one religion belong to a single community with common interests.
- 5. Which Article or Act bans untouchability in India?
  - A. Article 21
- B. Article 17

C. RTI Act

- D. Equal Rights Act (B)
- **Explanation:** Article 17 of the Indian Constitution bans untouchability.

- 6. Who are included in the Scheduled Castes (SC)?
  - A. Adivasis

B. Landowners

- C. Dalits

D. Urban middle class

**Explanation:** Scheduled Castes include Dalits, formerly treated as 'outcastes' in the Hindu social system.

- 7. What is the child sex ratio in India as per the census?
  - A. 950 girls per 1000 boys
  - B. 900 girls per 1000 boys
  - C. 919 girls per 1000 boys
  - D. 980 girls per 1000 boys

(C)

*Explanation*: The child sex ratio in India has declined to 919 girls per 1000 boys.

- 8. What is one visible form of casteism in electoral politics?
  - A. Tax policies
- B. Voter IDs
- C. Selection of candidates based on caste
- D. Digital campaigning

(C)

(C)

*Explanation :* Parties often select candidates based on the caste composition of a constituency.

- 9. Which region has the highest women representation in parliaments?
  - A. Asia

B. Sub-Saharan Africa

C. Nordic countries

D. Pacific Islands (C)

**Explanation :** Countries like Sweden, Norway, and Finland have high female participation in politics.

- 10. What was the aim of the Nari Shakti Vandan Adhiniyam, 2023?
  - A. Free education for girls
  - B. Equal pay in private jobs
  - C. 33% reservation for women in legislatures
  - D. Abolishing gender-based reservations
- **Explanation:** The law provides 33% reservation for women in Lok Sabha, State Assemblies, and Delhi Assembly.