

CHAPTER-2 | Forest And Wildlife Resources

QUIZ
PART-02

- What are Reserved Forests primarily used for?
A. Commercial farming
B. Human settlement
C. Forest and wildlife conservation
D. Tourism (C)

Explanation: Reserved forests are owned by the government, human activities are restricted, and they are most valuable for conservation.

- Which state has the largest area under permanent forests?
A. Kerala
B. Madhya Pradesh
C. Jammu and Kashmir
D. Odisha (B)

Explanation: Madhya Pradesh has 75% of its total forest area under permanent forests.

- Which forests are mainly found in all North-Eastern states and parts of Gujarat?
A. Mangrove forests
B. Reserved forests
C. Protected forests
D. Unclassed forests (D)

Explanation: Unclassed forests are those owned by both government and private individuals, mainly found in North-Eastern states and parts of Gujarat.

- Where did villagers protest against mining using the Wildlife Protection Act?
A. Sundarbans
B. Corbett National Park
C. Sariska Tiger Reserve
D. Manas National Park (C)

Explanation: Villagers in Alwar, Rajasthan protested mining in Sariska Tiger Reserve citing the Wildlife Protection Act.

- What is the Bhairodev Dakav 'Sonchuri' known for?
A. Sacred grove for monkeys
B. Afforestation project
C. Community-based wildlife protection
D. Tiger reserve (C)

Explanation: Inhabitants of five villages in Alwar, Rajasthan declared 1200 hectares of forest as a community-protected area with strict rules against hunting and encroachment.

- Which movement resisted deforestation in the Himalayas?
A. Navdanya Movement
B. Beej Bachao Andolan
C. Chipko Movement
D. Bishnoi Movement (C)

Explanation: The Chipko Movement in the Himalayas was successful in resisting deforestation and promoting afforestation.

- What does the Joint Forest Management (JFM) program involve?
A. Private companies managing forests
B. Tribal communities alone managing forests
C. Collaboration between communities and forest departments
D. Wildlife protection through sanctuaries (C)

Explanation: JFM is a joint effort between local communities and the Forest Department for restoring degraded forests.

- What is the primary purpose of Sacred Groves?
A. Grazing livestock
B. Timber production
C. Religious and conservation significance
D. Tourism and photography (C)

Explanation: Sacred groves are virgin forests preserved due to religious beliefs, left untouched to protect biodiversity.

- Which community is known for protecting animals like Blackbuck and Nilgai?
A. Bhil
B. Bishnoi
C. Gond
D. Santhal (B)

Explanation: The Bishnoi community in Rajasthan considers Blackbuck, Nilgai, and Peacocks sacred and does not harm them.

- Which of the following strategies does NOT involve community participation directly?
A. Joint Forest Management
B. Beej Bachao Andolan
C. Chipko Movement
D. Demarcation of Wildlife Sanctuaries (D)

Explanation: While the first three involve grassroots efforts, demarcating sanctuaries is a government-led process with limited direct community participation.