

CHAPTER-8 | Fog

QUIZ
PART-02

1. What is the poem Fog written in?

- A. Rhyme scheme of ABAB
- B. Couplets
- C. Free verse
- D. Sonnet form (C)

Explanation: The poem is written in free verse, meaning it does not follow a specific rhyme or rhythm pattern.

2. What literary device is used when the same sentence continues into the next line?

- A. Metaphor
- B. Enjambment
- C. Alliteration
- D. Irony (B)

Explanation: Enjambment occurs when a thought or sentence flows from one line to another without a pause or punctuation.

3. What does the poet compare the fog to?

- A. A little cat
- B. A shadow
- C. A dancer
- D. A child (A)

Explanation: The fog is compared to a cat that comes silently and sits quietly before moving on.

4. Which poetic device is used when human qualities are given to the fog?

- A. Simile
- B. Personification
- C. Onomatopoeia
- D. Imagery (B)

Explanation: The poet personifies the fog by describing it as if it were alive, moving and observing like a cat.

5. What visual image does the poem create?

- A. A fog covering the mountains
- B. A fog moving like a cat over the city and harbor
- C. A thunderstorm approaching
- D. A ship lost in mist (B)

Explanation: The poet creates vivid imagery of fog silently covering the harbour and city like a cat sitting on its haunches.

6. What does the word 'it' in the poem refer to?

- A. The cat
- B. The city
- C. The fog
- D. The harbor (C)

Explanation: The word 'it' refers to the fog, which is described as a cat-like presence in the poem.

7. How does the fog come, according to Carl Sandburg?

- A. Slowly and silently
- B. Loudly and forcefully
- C. With thunder and lightning
- D. With rain and wind (A)

Explanation: The poet says the fog comes "silently and slowly just like a cat," emphasizing its quiet and mysterious nature.

8. What does the fog do after covering the harbour and city?

- A. It rains heavily.
- B. It moves on silently.
- C. It settles permanently.
- D. It turns into snow. (B)

Explanation: After resting silently "on silent haunches," the fog eventually moves on quietly, showing its transient nature.

9. What three ways does the poet show that fog is like a cat?

- A. It comes quietly, watches silently, and moves on.
- B. It meows, jumps, and runs.
- C. It sleeps, hides, and hunts.
- D. It crawls, climbs, and sits. (A)

Explanation: The fog resembles a cat in three ways—it comes quietly, sits silently while observing, and leaves just as softly.

10. What is the central idea of the poem Fog?

- A. The destructive power of nature
- B. The silent and mysterious arrival and departure of fog
- C. The playfulness of cats
- D. The beauty of sunrise (B)

Explanation: The poem captures the quiet, mysterious, and temporary presence of fog, reflecting the calm power of nature through the image of a cat.