

## CHAPTER-7 | Thinking

QUIZ  
PART-03

1. What is the first sound a newborn typically makes?  
A. Babbling  
B. Crying  
C. One-word utterance  
D. Telegraphic speech (B)

**Explanation :** Crying is the earliest sound produced by newborns, signaling needs like hunger or pain.

2. According to B.F. Skinner, language is acquired through:  
A. Genetic programming  
B. Language Acquisition Device  
C. Learning processes like reinforcement  
D. Cultural rituals (C)

**Explanation :** Skinner believed language develops through association, imitation, and reinforcement.

3. Noam Chomsky proposed that children are born with:  
A. Speech patterns  
B. Vocabulary banks  
C. A Language Acquisition Device (LAD)  
D. Parental guidance (C)

**Explanation :** Chomsky argued for an innate Language Acquisition Device containing universal grammar rules.

4. The Sapir-Whorf hypothesis suggests that:  
A. Thought determines language  
B. Language influences the content of thought  
C. Language and thought are unrelated  
D. Language only develops after age two (B)

**Explanation :** The Sapir-Whorf or linguistic relativity hypothesis emphasizes that language shapes thought.

5. According to Piaget, language is:  
A. The primary determinant of thought  
B. Independent of thought throughout life  
C. Determined by thought  
D. Based purely on imitation (C)

**Explanation :** Piaget viewed language as arising from thought, with children forming mental representations before using language.

6. Vygotsky suggested that language and thought develop independently until about what age?  
A. Birth  
B. One year  
C. Two years  
D. Four years (C)

**Explanation :** Vygotsky stated that thought and language develop separately until age two, after which they begin to merge.

7. Which stage of language development involves telegraphic speech with mostly nouns and verbs?  
A. One-word stage  
B. Two-word stage  
C. Syntactic development  
D. Babbling stage (B)

**Explanation :** Around 18–20 months, children begin the two-word stage, forming short, telegraphic expressions.

8. Which component of language refers to the system of rules governing word order in sentences?  
A. Phonology  
B. Pragmatics  
C. Grammar  
D. Semantics (C)

**Explanation :** Grammar structures language through rules of sentence formation and word sequencing.

9. What term refers to vivid, creative, and natural communication unique to humans compared to animals?  
A. Grammar  
B. Human language  
C. Pragmatics  
D. Symbolic play (B)

**Explanation :** Human language is more complex, natural, and creative than animal communication.

10. Which stage of language development typically emerges around six months of age?  
A. Crying  
B. One-word stage  
C. Babbling  
D. Repetitive patterns (C)

**Explanation :** By six months, infants usually reach the babbling stage, producing consonant-vowel sounds.