

CHAPTER-3 | Rain on the Roof

QUIZ
PART-02

1. What does the phrase "humid shadows" refer to in the poem?
A. Heavy winds
B. Dark clouds full of moisture
C. Lightning flashes
D. Falling stars (B)

Explanation: "Humid shadows" symbolize dark, moisture-laden clouds that cover the sky before it rains.

2. What is meant by "starry spheres"?
A. Galaxies beyond earth
B. A sky full of stars
C. Falling stars
D. A night without moon (B)

Explanation: "Starry spheres" refers to the night sky filled with countless stars.

3. What does the poet mean by "what a bliss"?
A. A sad feeling
B. A sense of peace and happiness
C. An expression of anger
D. A frightening thought (B)

Explanation: The poet feels happy and content while lying on his bed listening to the rain, which he describes as bliss.

4. What happens when "a thousand dreamy fancies into busy being start"?
A. The poet falls asleep
B. Several thoughts and fantasies come alive in the poet's mind
C. The poet recalls his travels
D. The poet writes a poem (B)

Explanation: It means many thoughts and imaginations awaken in the poet's mind when he listens to the rain.

5. What does the phrase "a thousand recollections weave their air-threads into woof" suggest?
A. The poet is weaving clothes
B. The poet is dreaming about work
C. The poet recalls countless past memories
D. The poet is thinking about the future (C)

Explanation: The phrase indicates that the rain triggers many memories that weave together like threads in a fabric.

6. Who is the "single major memory" that comes to the poet's mind?
A. His teacher
B. His mother
C. His friend
D. His father (B)

Explanation: The poet recalls his mother with deep affection while listening to the patter of rain.

7. Who are the "darling dreamers" in the poem?
A. The poet's friends
B. The poet and his siblings as children
C. The poet's students
D. The poet's pets (B)

Explanation: The phrase refers to the poet and his siblings, who were lovingly put to sleep by their mother.

8. Is the poet still a child in the poem?
A. Yes, he is a small boy
B. No, he is grown up now
C. Yes, but he pretends to be old
D. Yes, but only in memory (B)

Explanation: The poet is no longer a child; he is an adult who nostalgically recalls his childhood memories.

9. Which literary device is used in "melancholy darkness gently weeps in rainy tears"?
A. Alliteration
B. Personification
C. Simile
D. Hyperbole (B)

Explanation: Darkness is personified as weeping gently like a human, showing the poet's imaginative description.

10. Which sound words in the poem are examples of onomatopoeia?
A. Humid and hover
B. Patter and tinkle
C. Bliss and woof
D. Fond and look (B)

Explanation: The words "patter" and "tinkle" imitate the actual sounds made by raindrops, making them onomatopoeic.