

Q1. What does the poet compare himself to in the first stanza?

- A. A shining star
- B. A lonely cloud
- C. A golden daffodil
- D. A sparkling wave

Answer: B

Explanation: In the first stanza, Wordsworth compares himself to a lonely cloud floating over valleys and hills.

Q2. What sight suddenly catches the poet's attention while wandering?

- A. A crowd of people
- B. A herd of cows
- C. A host of golden daffodils
- D. A sparkling lake

Answer: C

Explanation: While wandering, the poet suddenly sees a large number of golden daffodils beside a lake.

Q3. What does the poet compare the daffodils to in the second stanza?

- A. The clouds in the sky
- B. The stars in the Milky Way
- C. The waves of the lake
- D. The mountains nearby

Answer: B

Explanation: Wordsworth compares the daffodils to shining stars that twinkle endlessly in the Milky Way.

Q4. What does the expression "sprightly dance" refer to?

- A. The waves dancing on the shore
- B. The stars moving across the sky
- C. The lively movement of the daffodils
- D. The poet dancing in joy

Answer: C

Explanation: "Sprightly dance" refers to the daffodils moving joyfully in the breeze, full of energy and life.

Q5. What does the word "jocund" mean in the poem?

- A. Sad and dull
- B. Quiet and calm
- C. Cheerful and happy
- D. Serious and thoughtful

Answer: C

Explanation: "Jocund" means happy and cheerful, describing the joyful company of daffodils around the poet.

Q6. What does the poet mean by the word "wealth" in the line "What wealth the show to me had brought"?

- A. Money earned from poetry
- B. The joy and happiness gained from the sight
- C. The number of daffodils he saw
- D. The natural beauty of the lake

Answer: B

Explanation: The "wealth" refers to the spiritual joy and happiness the poet felt from watching the daffodils.

Q7. What happens when the poet lies on his couch in a vacant or pensive mood?

- A. He falls asleep
- B. He recalls the image of the daffodils and feels joy
- C. He begins to write poetry
- D. He stares blankly at the ceiling

Answer: B

Explanation: When the poet feels sad or thoughtful, the memory of the dancing daffodils fills his heart with happiness.

Q8. What does the phrase "inward eye" refer to in the poem?

- A. The poet's imagination
- B. His eyesight
- C. His sadness
- D. His memory

Answer: A

Explanation: The "inward eye" represents the poet's imagination, where he can recall the beauty of the daffodils.

Q9. What kind of mood does the poem create?

- A. Gloomy and fearful
- B. Cheerful and peaceful
- C. Angry and restless
- D. Serious and tense

Answer: B

Explanation: The poem creates a cheerful and peaceful mood, celebrating the beauty and joy of nature.

Q10. What is the central theme of "The Daffodils"?

- A. The value of hard work
- B. The power of wealth
- C. The beauty of nature and its lasting joy
- D. The struggle of human life

Answer: C

Explanation: The central theme of the poem is the beauty of nature and how its memory brings lasting happiness to the human heart.

