

CHAPTER-6 | Manufacturing Industries

QUIZ
PART-02

1. What are Agro-Based Industries primarily based on?

- A. Mineral resources
- B. Agricultural raw materials
- C. Technological innovations
- D. Financial services (B)

Explanation: Agro-based industries use raw materials obtained from agriculture such as cotton, jute, and sugarcane.

2. Where was the first successful textile mill established in India?

- A. Kolkata
- B. Chennai
- C. Mumbai
- D. Delhi (C)

Explanation: The first successful textile mill in India was established in Mumbai in 1854.

3. Which country is the largest exporter of jute goods?

- A. India
- B. Bangladesh
- C. China
- D. Pakistan (B)

Explanation: Bangladesh is the largest exporter of jute goods, while India is the largest producer of raw jute.

4. What is the major reason for the relocation of sugar mills to Southern and Western India?

- A. Higher cost of labor
- B. Better port facilities
- C. Higher sucrose content and longer crushing season
- D. Easier access to technology (C)

Explanation: The sugarcane in these regions has a higher sucrose content and the cooler climate allows for a longer crushing season.

5. Why is the sugar industry considered seasonal in nature?

- A. It only operates during winter
- B. It depends on monsoon rains
- C. Sugarcane is available only in a specific harvesting season
- D. Mills are open only once a year (C)

Explanation: The availability of sugarcane is seasonal, making sugar production dependent on the harvesting period.

6. Which factor did NOT contribute to the localization of the cotton textile industry in Maharashtra and Gujarat?

- A. Moist climate
- B. Availability of raw cotton
- C. Cheap electricity
- D. Port facilities (C)

Explanation: While moist climate, cotton availability, labor, and port access were key factors, cheap electricity is not mentioned as a reason.

7. What process is still centralized in Maharashtra, Gujarat, and Tamil Nadu in the textile industry?

- A. Weaving
- B. Designing
- C. Spinning
- D. Tailoring (C)

Explanation: Spinning, the process of converting cotton into yarn, remains concentrated in these states.

8. Which of the following industries supports chemical and dye industries as well as engineering works?

- A. Cement industry
- B. Cotton textile industry
- C. Iron and steel industry
- D. Paper industry (B)

Explanation: The cotton textile industry supports various other industries such as chemicals, dyes, and engineering.

9. What is the role of handspun khadi in rural employment?

- A. Used for exports
- B. Manufactured in power looms
- C. Provides large-scale employment in homes
- D. Used in fashion shows (C)

Explanation: Handspun khadi provides large-scale employment to rural weavers through cottage industry.

10. What made the Hugli basin an ideal location for jute mills?

- A. High altitude and cool weather
- B. Proximity to jute-producing areas and good transport network
- C. Advanced machinery imports
- D. Cheap electricity (B)

Explanation: The Hugli basin had close access to jute farms, cheap labor, water transport, and strong infrastructure.