

Chapter – 3 | Reproductive Health

QUIZ PART-03

1. The full form of MTP is:
A. Medical Treatment Process
B. Medical Termination of Pregnancy
C. Medical Transfer Procedure
D. Maternal Treatment Programme (B)

Explanation : MTP stands for Medical Termination of Pregnancy, which refers to voluntary termination of pregnancy before completion.

2. Medical termination of pregnancy is also known as:
A. Induced abortion
B. Natural fertilisation
C. Implantation
D. Ovulation (A)

Explanation : Voluntary termination of pregnancy before completion is called induced abortion or medical termination of pregnancy (MTP).

3. The Government of India legalized MTP in the year:
A. 1951
B. 1965
C. 1971
D. 1985 (C)

Explanation : The Indian government legalized medical termination of pregnancy in 1971 under certain strict conditions to prevent misuse.

4. MTP is considered safer during which period of pregnancy?
A. First trimester (up to 12 weeks)
B. Second trimester
C. Third trimester
D. After delivery (A)

Explanation : MTP is considered relatively safe during the first trimester (12 weeks), while it becomes dangerous during the second trimester.

5. Which of the following is NOT a reason for medical termination of pregnancy?
A. Unwanted pregnancy
B. Failure of contraceptive method
C. Pregnancy harmful to mother or foetus
D. Increasing normal pregnancies (D)

Explanation : MTP may be required in cases of unwanted pregnancy, contraceptive failure, rape, or pregnancy harmful to the mother or foetus.

6. Which of the following is a sexually transmitted disease (STD)?
A. Diabetes
B. Syphilis
C. Malaria
D. Tuberculosis (B)

Explanation : Syphilis is a sexually transmitted disease along with diseases like gonorrhoea, HIV, genital herpes, and hepatitis B.

7. Which of the following is a viral sexually transmitted disease?
A. Gonorrhoea
B. Syphilis
C. HIV infection
D. Chlamydiasis (C)

Explanation : HIV infection is a viral STD. Other viral STDs include genital herpes, HPV, and hepatitis B.

8. HIV and Hepatitis B can spread through:
A. Sharing infected needles and contaminated blood transfusion
B. Drinking clean water
C. Eating healthy food
D. Physical exercise (A)

Explanation : HIV and hepatitis B can spread through infected needles, surgical instruments, contaminated blood transfusions, and from infected mother to child.

9. Which of the following sexually transmitted diseases is NOT completely treatable?
A. Gonorrhoea
B. Chlamydiasis
C. HIV infection
D. Syphilis (C)

Explanation : According to the PPT, all STDs are treatable except Hepatitis B, genital herpes, and HIV infection.

10. The best preventive measure against sexually transmitted diseases is:
A. Avoiding medical treatment
B. Using condoms during intercourse
C. Sharing personal items
D. Ignoring symptoms (B)

Explanation : STD prevention includes using condoms, limiting sexual partners, vaccination for certain infections, and seeking medical advice when symptoms appear.