CLASS 12 | Psychology



CHAPTER-4 | Psychological Disorders

QUIZ

- Which of the following symptoms is NOT typically associated with panic disorder?
 - A. Intense terror
 - B. Palpitations
 - C. Hallucinations
 - D. Choking sensation (C)
- Explanation: Panic disorder is marked by sudden fear, palpitations, and choking sensations, but hallucinations are not typical; they are linked with psychotic disorders.
- 2. Which neurotransmitter is linked with depression?
 - A. Dopamine
 - B. Serotonin
 - C. GABA
 - D. Acetylcholine
- Explanation: Low levels of serotonin are associated with depressive symptoms.
- 3. The diathesis-stress model includes all of the following except:
 - A. Biological predisposition
 - B. Pathogenic stressors
 - C. Religious beliefs
 - D. Vulnerability to disorder (C)
- **Explanation:** The model focuses on biological vulnerability and stress factors, not religious beliefs.
- 4. A person who refuses to eat in front of others and exercises compulsively may be suffering from:
 - A. Bulimia Nervosa
 - B. Binge Eating Disorder
 - C. Anorexia Nervosa
 - D. Social Phobia (C)
- Explanation: Anorexia Nervosa involves extreme food restriction, refusal to eat, compulsive exercising, and distorted body image.
- 5. The ICD-10 classification system is published by:
 - A. Indian Psychiatric Association
 - B. World Health Organization
 - C. American Psychological Association
 - D. UNESCO
- **Explanation:** The International Classification of Diseases (ICD-10) is developed and maintained by the World Health Organization (WHO).

- 6. Which of the following is a positive symptom of schizophrenia?
 - A. Avolition
 - B. Catatonia
 - C. Hallucinations
 - D. Flat affect (C)
- **Explanation:** Positive symptoms include hallucinations, delusions, and disorganized speech; negative symptoms include flat affect and avolition.
- 7. A child with difficulty in initiating conversations, repetitive movements, and lack of social interaction likely has:
 - A. Intellectual Disability
 - B. ADHD
 - C. Autism Spectrum Disorder
 - D. Conduct Disorder

(C)

- **Explanation:** Autism Spectrum Disorder is characterized by deficits in social communication and repetitive behaviors.
- 8. Which of these disorders is characterized by irrational fear of specific objects or situations?
 - A. Generalized Anxiety Disorder
 - B. Phobia
 - C. Panic Disorder
 - D. Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder

- **Explanation:** Phobias are anxiety disorders marked by irrational and persistent fear of particular objects or situations.
- 9. The creation of new words or phrases in schizophrenia is called:
 - A. Perseveration
- B. Hallucination
- C. Neologism

D. Delusion (C)

- Explanation: Neologism refers to inventing new, meaningless words often observed in schizophrenia patients.
- 10. Conduct disorder involves all of the following EXCEPT:
 - A. Aggression
 - B. Academic excellence
 - C. Property damage
 - D. Serious rule violations

- (B)
- **Explanation:** Conduct Disorder is defined by aggression, property destruction, and rule violations, but not academic excellence.