## **CLASS 10 | Geography**



## **CHAPTER-6 | Manufacturing Industries**

QUIZ PART-01

- 1. Which of the following activities is classified as a secondary activity?
  - A. Growing crops
- B. Manufacturing cars
- C. Fishing
- D. Mining bauxite (B)
- **Explanation:** Manufacturing involves transforming raw materials into finished goods, which is a secondary activity.
- 2. What is the main role of Basic or Key Industries?
  - A. Produce goods for direct consumer use
  - B. Supply raw materials to manufacture other goods
  - C. Export finished goods
  - D. Provide financial services

(B)

- *Explanation:* Basic or Key Industries supply their products as raw materials to other industries.
- 3. Which of the following is NOT considered an agro-based industry?
  - A. Cotton textile
- B. Rubber
- C. Iron & Steel
- D. Sugar
- (C)
- **Explanation:** Iron & Steel is a mineral-based industry, not agro-based.
- 4. Which of the following industries is an example of a heavy industry?
  - A. Textile industry
  - B. Sugar industry
  - C. Electrical goods industry
  - D. Iron and steel industry

(D)

- *Explanation:* Heavy industries involve large and heavy raw materials and products, such as iron and steel.
- 5. What is the capital investment limit for a small-scale industry?
  - A. Less than Rs. 50 lakhs
  - B. Less than Rs. 1 crore
  - C. Rs. 1 crore to Rs. 5 crores
  - D. More than Rs. 10 crores
- \_ (B)
- *Explanation:* Small-scale industries have a capital investment limit of up to Rs. 1 crore.

- 6. Which sector involves industries owned and operated by government agencies?
  - A. Private Sector
- B. Joint Sector
- C. Public Sector
- D. Cooperative Sector (C)
- *Explanation:* Public sector industries are owned and run by the government, such as BHEL and SAIL.
- 7. What kind of raw materials do light industries typically use?
  - A. Heavy minerals
  - B. Raw metals
  - C. Light raw materials
  - D. Radioactive elements
- (C)
- **Explanation:** Light industries use lightweight raw materials to produce goods like electronics.
- 8. Which industry is commonly found in the cooperative sector in Kerala?
  - A. Cement industry
  - B. Iron & steel industry
  - C. Coir industry
  - D. Oil refinery

- (C)
- *Explanation:* The coir industry in Kerala is operated under the cooperative sector by local producers.
- 9. What is a key reason manufacturing is considered the backbone of economic development?
  - A. It increases exports only
  - B. It helps modernize agriculture and generate jobs
  - C. It only supports urban development
  - D. It increases inflation

- (B)
- *Explanation:* Manufacturing modernizes agriculture, reduces dependency on it, and creates employment in other sectors.
- 10. Which of the following is an example of a mineralbased industry?
  - A. Sugar

B. Cotton textile

C. Tea

- D. Cement
- (D)
- **Explanation:** Cement is produced using mineral inputs and is classified as a mineral-based industry.