## **CLASS 9 | English Moments**



## **CHAPTER-3** | Iswaran the Storyteller

QUIZ

- In what way was Iswaran an asset to Mahendra?
  - A. He was a skilled carpenter
  - B. He entertained Mahendra with music
  - C. He cooked meals, washed clothes, and cared for Mahendra
  - D. He worked as a supervisor with Mahendra (C)
- **Explanation:** Iswaran was hardworking, obedient, and caring. He cooked meals, washed clothes, and entertained Mahendra with his stories, making him an asset.
- 2. How did Iswaran describe the uprooted tree on the highway?
  - A. As a wild animal blocking the road
  - B. As a huge monster lying across the road
  - C. As a shadow of a giant
  - D. As a broken house

(B)

- Explanation: Iswaran dramatized the incident, describing the fallen tree as if it were an enormous beast, to create suspense and surprise.
- 3. What effect did Iswaran want to create in his listeners through such descriptions?
  - A. To make them laugh
  - B. To frighten them
  - C. To create suspense and surprise
  - D. To give factual information (C)
- Explanation: Iswaran's style, influenced by Tamil thrillers, aimed at creating suspense and dramatic
- 4. How did Iswaran narrate the story of the tusker?
  - A. In a very dull way
  - B. In an exaggerated and dramatic style
  - C. By presenting only facts
  - D. By quoting from newspapers
- Explanation: Iswaran narrated the tusker story with exaggeration and drama, describing its chaos and his brave act of controlling it.
- 5. What implausible claim did Iswaran make about controlling the tusker?
  - A. He tied it with a rope B. He threw water at it

  - C. He struck its third toenail using Japanese martial arts
  - (C)D. He sang to calm it down
- Explanation: Iswaran claimed he controlled the elephant by striking its third toenail using Japanese martial arts, though this seemed unbelievable.

- 6. Why did Mahendra not feel the absence of a TV in his quarters?
  - A. He listened to the radio instead
  - B. He read Tamil thrillers
  - C. Iswaran's dramatic storytelling made up for it
  - D. He enjoyed solitude

- **Explanation:** Iswaran's adventurous and mysterious stories kept Mahendra entertained, compensating for the absence of television.
- 7. What did Mahendra usually call ghosts or spirits?
  - A. Natural phenomena
  - B. Harmless creatures
  - C. A figment of imagination
  - D. Holy beings

(C)

- Explanation: Mahendra dismissed ghosts as mere figments of imagination.
- 8. What unsettling experience did Mahendra have on a full-moon night?
  - A. He saw a wild elephant again
  - B. He heard a faint moan and saw a shadowy figure holding a bundle
  - C. He had a nightmare about Iswaran
  - D. He was chased by thieves (B)
- Explanation: On a full-moon night, Mahendra heard moaning sounds and saw a ghostly woman carrying a bundle, which terrified him.
- 9. How did Mahendra react to the ghostly sight?
  - A. He confronted it bravely
  - B. He laughed at the illusion
  - C. He was terrified, broke into a sweat, and fell back in fear
  - D. He called for Iswaran immediately

- **Explanation:** Mahendra was horrified, broke into a cold sweat, and collapsed onto his bed in fear.
- 10. What alternative ending is suggested for the
  - A. The ghost attacks Mahendra
  - B. Mahendra becomes a storyteller like Iswaran
  - C. Mahendra discovers Iswaran himself staged the ghostly scene IESI SERIES
  - D. Mahendra moves permanently to another city

**Explanation:** An alternative ending could have been that Iswaran was behind the ghostly trick, using it to frighten Mahendra and add drama to his tales.