

(C)

(A)

CHAPTER-1 | What is Psychology?

QUIZ PART-04

1.	In which year and place was the first psychology
	laboratory in India established?

A. 1916, Calcutta

B. 1915, Lucknow

C. 1922, Mumbai

D. 1915, Jaipur

(B)

Explanation: The first psychology laboratory in India was established in 1915 at Lucknow.

2. The psychology department started in 1916 was influenced by:

A. Dr. N. N. Sengupta

B. Durganand Sinha

C. Wilhelm Wundt

D. Carl Jung

(D)

Explanation: The 1916 department is noted as being influenced by Dr. N. N. Sengupta.

3. The Indian Psychoanalytical Association was opened in:

A. 1915 B. 1919

C. 1922 D. 1935 (C)

Explanation: The association was opened in 1922.

4. Durganand Sinha's book traces the:

A. Development of Gestalt psychology worldwide

B. History of psychology in India

C. Advances in neuropsychology

D. History of psychoanalysis in Europe (B)

Explanation: The book is cited for tracing the history of psychology in India.

5. Which statement best reflects the nature of psychology described?

A. Speculative and intuitive

B. Empirical, not speculative

C. Based solely on philosophy

D. Concerned only with intuition (B)

Explanation: The content emphasizes psychology as empirical rather than speculative.

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6. Which scope of study is highlighted?

A. Only individual differences

B. Only universal behavior

C. Both universal behavior and individual differences

D. Neither universal nor individual aspects

Explanation: It is stated that psychology studies both universal behavior and individual differences.

7. Which determinants are both emphasized as shaping behavior?

A. Heredity and environment B. Nutrition and sleep

C. Culture and language only

D. Chance and luck

Explanation: Explanation: Both heredity and environment are highlighted as important influences.

8. Which processes are considered important for understanding behavior?

A. Only conscious processes

B. Only unconscious processes

C. Both conscious and unconscious processes

D. Neither conscious nor unconscious

processes (D)

Explanation: Both conscious and unconscious processes are regarded as important.

9. Which branch focuses on improving workplace productivity?

A. Educational psychology

B. Industrial/Organizational psychology

C. Social psychology

D. Health psychology

(B) sychology is

Explanation: Industrial/Organizational psychology is described as improving workplace productivity.

10. Which branch applies psychological principles within the legal system?

A. Forensic psychology

B. Sports psychology

C. Counseling psychology

D. Developmental psychology

(A)

Explanation: Forensic psychology involves applications in the legal system.

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