CBSE

CLASS 6 | Social Science



Chapter - 12 | Grassroots Democracy — Part 3:Local Government in Urban Areas

QUIZ PART-03

- 1. What should responsible citizens do upon seeing a leaking water pipe?
 - A. Ignore the problem
 - B. Fix it themselves without informing anyone
 - C. Report it to the police
 - D. Inform the local authorities or ward committee

Explanation: Citizens should report such issues to the local authorities to prevent water wastage and ensure timely repairs.

- 2. What is one way students can engage with urban local governance?
 - A. Write letters to the president
 - B. Invite a member of an urban local body to discuss roles and responsibilities
 - C. Organize a street protest
 - D. Avoid participating in local matters (B)

Explanation: Students can better understand governance by interacting with local body members and discussing civic responsibilities.

- 3. What is one question students might ask a member of an urban local body?
 - A. What are your hobbies?
 - B. Who appointed you as Prime Minister?
 - C. How do you address issues like garbage disposal and road maintenance?
 - D. Do you travel abroad often? (C)

Explanation: A relevant and insightful question helps students learn about real responsibilities of urban governance.

- 4. What is a common expectation from urban local bodies among citizens?
 - A. Free air tickets
 - B. Proper maintenance of roads and water supply
 - C. Launch of space programs
 - D. Foreign investment promotion (B)

Explanation: Citizens commonly expect local bodies to manage essential services like roads and water systems efficiently.

- 5. What is a characteristic of a good urban local body?
 - A. Secrecy in operations
 - B. Avoiding public interaction
 - C. Transparency and accountability
 - D. Ignoring citizen complaints (C)

Explanation: Good urban governance depends on openness and responsible service to the community.

- 6. Which of the following reflects citizen engagement in urban governance?
 - A. Watching TV news
 - B. Reading history books
 - C. Participating in decision-making
 - D. Ignoring local elections

(C)

Explanation: Strong citizen engagement includes active involvement in decisions that affect their community.

- 7. How do urban local bodies respond to public grievances in ideal situations?
 - A. After a year
 - B. By involving private companies
 - C. Quickly and efficiently
 - D. By shifting responsibility

(C)

Explanation: A responsive urban local body ensures fast resolution of public issues for better civic life.

- 8. What is a structural difference between urban local bodies and Panchayati Raj?
 - A. Urban bodies work in rural areas
 - B. Panchayati Raj works in cities
 - C. Urban bodies include Municipal Corporations and Councils
 - D. Both follow the same organizational structure

(C)

(C)

Explanation: Urban governance includes Municipal Corporations, Municipal Councils, and Nagar Panchayats, unlike Panchayati Raj.

- 9. Which of the following is NOT a similarity between Panchayati Raj and urban local bodies?
 - A. Both are decentralized systems
 - B. Both are managed by elected representatives
 - C. Both are part of national governance
- D. Both promote citizen participation

Explanation: While both are decentralized and promote participation, they are forms of local—not national—governance.

- 10. What term best describes the governance model where citizens help shape local decision-making?
 - A. Authoritarian
 - B. Monarchy
 - C. Participatory democracy
 - D. Bureaucracy

(C)

Explanation: Participatory democracy ensures that people have a direct role in shaping the policies and services in their area.