

1. Who were the "eaters of loaves" referred to in the chapter?

- A. The French B. The Portuguese
C. The British D. The Dutch (B)

Explanation : The chapter nostalgically recalls the Portuguese era when bread-making and consumption were integral to Goan culture.

2. What name is given to the traditional Goan baker?

- A. Pader B. Bolinhas
C. Kabai D. Bol (A)

Explanation : The traditional Goan baker is called pader, a term still used to refer to bakers in Goa.

3. What attire was traditionally worn by bakers during Portuguese times?

- A. Kuppia B. Kabai
C. Long frocks D. Half-pants (B)

Explanation : The kabai was a long, knee-length frock worn by bakers in Portuguese-era Goa.

4. Which crop is the mainstay of Coorg's economy?

- A. Tea B. Coffee
C. Spices D. Rice (B)

Explanation : Coorg is renowned for its coffee plantations, contributing significantly to its economy and cultural identity.

5. What is unique about the Kodava people of Coorg?

- A. They grow tea.
B. They trace their descent to Alexander's army.
C. They are the tallest tribe in India.
D. They are the largest coffee exporters. (B)

Explanation : The Kodavas are believed to have descended from a part of Alexander's army that settled in Coorg.

6. What is the second flush of tea called?

- A. Sprouting period B. Harvesting season
C. Blooming phase D. Tea bloom (A)

Explanation : The second flush or sprouting period from May to July produces the best quality tea leaves.

7. Which region in India has the highest concentration of tea plantations?

- A. Darjeeling B. Nilgiris
C. Assam D. Coorg (C)

Explanation : Assam is renowned for having the world's largest concentration of tea plantations.

8. What did the baker's family signify in Goan society?

- A. Poverty
B. Prosperity and happiness
C. Indifference
D. Struggle for survival (B)

Explanation : The baker's family, with their well-fed and plump appearance, symbolized prosperity in the village.

9. What legendary origin of tea is linked to an Indian Buddhist monk?

- A. Leaves fell into a pot.
B. Eyelids grew into tea plants.
C. Tea appeared in dreams.
D. Tea leaves were found on mountains. (B)

Explanation : According to Indian legend, tea plants grew from the eyelids of Bodhidharma, a Buddhist monk.

10. Which activities in Coorg attract tourists?

- A. Shopping and wildlife safaris
B. River rafting, trekking, and rappelling
C. Temple visits
D. Tea plucking (B)

Explanation : Coorg offers adventure activities like river rafting, trekking, and rappelling, making it a popular tourist destination.