(B)

(C)

(C)

hapter -1	The Wonderf	ul World	of Science	QUIZ-01	MISSION GYAN
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- 1. What is the most important thing needed to explore the world through science?
 - A. Intelligence
- B. Curiosity
- C. Memory
- D. Experience

(B)

(C)

Explanation: The chapter emphasizes that curiosity is the key to exploring and understanding science.

- 2. What does science help us do?
 - A. Memorize facts
 - B. Cook delicious food
 - C. Understand the world around us
 - D. Travel to different countries

Explanation: Science helps us understand how things work in the world around us.

- 3. Which of these is an example of applying the scientific method in daily life?
 - A. Watching television
 - B. Fixing a flat tyre by identifying the air leak
 - C. Memorizing a poem
 - D. Playing a video game (B)

Explanation: Identifying the air leak in a tyre is a reallife example of the scientific method.

- 4. What do we do after making a guess in the scientific method?
 - A. Accept it as truth
 - B. Ignore it
 - C. Test it through observation or experiment
 - D. Share it with friends (C)

Explanation: After making a guess, we test it to see if it answers the question.

- 5. What kind of puzzle is science compared to?
 - A. Crossword puzzle
 - B. Unending jigsaw puzzle
 - C. Sudoku
 - (B) D. Maze puzzle

Explanation: Science is described as an unending jigsaw puzzle with new discoveries.

- 6. What happens when we discover more in science?
 - A. We get confused
 - B. We stop asking questions
 - C. We realise everything is connected
 - D. We forget old ideas

Explanation: The more we discover, the more we see how ideas in science are interconnected.

- 7. Which is NOT mentioned as something science helps us understand?
 - B. Traffic rules A. Cooking in the kitchen
 - C. Outer space D. Blooming of flowers

Explanation: Traffic rules are not mentioned in the PDF; the others are discussed as parts of scientific curiosity.

- 8. What is the first step in the scientific method?
 - A. Guessing the answer
 - B. Testing a theory
 - C. Observing something
 - D. Writing a report

Explanation: The scientific method begins with observation.

- 9. What is the purpose of Activity 1.1 in the chapter?
 - A. To memorise definitions
 - B. To write a poem
 - C. To describe solving a problem using steps
 - D. To colour a diagram

(C)

Explanation: Activity 1.1 asks students to reflect on a problem they solved and the steps they took.

- 10. Why is it important to observe surroundings keenly?
 - A. To win prizes
 - B. To draw better pictures
 - C. To become curious and ask questions
 - D. To write stories

Explanation: Tolman showed that rats form mental representations (cognitive maps) of mazes, indicating learning can occur without reinforcement.