

Poem – 5 | On the Grasshopper and Cricket

QUIZ-01

1. What does the poem suggest about "the poetry of earth"?

- A. It ends during winter.
- B. It remains silent in the summer.
- C. It is eternal and continues year-round.
- D. It disappears when the frost sets in. (C)

Explanation: The poem emphasizes the everlasting nature of earth's poetry, represented by the grasshopper in summer and the cricket in winter.

2. Who "takes the lead in summer luxury"?

- A. The cricket
- B. The frost
- C. The grasshopper
- D. The hedge (C)

Explanation: The grasshopper is described as embodying the joy and abundance of summer, taking the lead in expressing the "poetry of earth."

3. Which season does the cricket represent in the poem?

- A. Summer
- B. Spring
- C. Winter
- D. Autumn (C)

Explanation: The cricket symbolizes the continuation of earth's poetry during winter evenings, despite the cold and frost.

4. What happens when "the frost has wrought a silence"?

- A. The grasshopper's voice is heard.
- B. The poetry of earth ceases.
- C. The cricket's song emerges.
- D. Birds sing louder. (C)

Explanation: The poem highlights how the cricket's song breaks the silence created by winter frost, continuing the poetry of earth.

5. What does "he rests at ease beneath some pleasant weed" signify?

- A. The grasshopper's tiredness after a day of delight.
- B. The cricket hiding from predators.
- C. The arrival of autumn.
- D. The end of earth's poetry. (A)

Explanation: This line portrays the grasshopper enjoying rest after indulging in the joys of summer, symbolizing the contentment of the season.

6. What happens "on a lone winter evening"?

- A. The birds sing in the trees.
- B. The grasshopper begins to chirp.
- C. The frost creates a deafening noise.
- D. The cricket's song grows warmer. (D)

Explanation: During a quiet winter evening, the cricket's song emerges, bringing warmth and life to the cold silence.

7. What does the phrase "The poetry of earth is never dead" mean?

- A. Nature always finds a voice in every season.
- B. Poetry thrives only in warm climates.
- C. The grasshopper and cricket never rest.
- D. Winter silences all natural sounds. (A)

Explanation: This line encapsulates the central theme of the poem—that nature's music and beauty persist through all seasons.

8. What role does "the frost" play in the poem?

- A. It symbolizes silence and stillness.
- B. It brings an end to earth's poetry.
- C. It represents summer.
- D. It highlights the joy of insects. (A)

Explanation: Frost symbolizes the stillness of winter evenings, which is contrasted by the cricket's song that keeps the poetry of earth alive.

9. Which word in stanza 2 is opposite in meaning to "the frost"?

- A. Silence
- B. Warmth
- C. Grasshopper
- D. Winter (B)

Explanation: "Warmth" contrasts with "frost," showing how the cricket's song adds a sense of warmth and vitality to the cold winter.

10. What does "the grasshopper's among some grassy hills" signify?

- A. A continuation of winter's stillness.
- B. The grasshopper's joy in the summer landscape.
- C. The cricket's habitat.
- D. A symbol of loneliness. (B)

Explanation: This imagery reflects the grasshopper's vibrant presence and happiness during summer, as part of the poetry of earth.