CBSE

CLASS 6 | Social Science



Chapter - 10 | Grassroots Democracy — Part 1: Governance

QUIZ PART-01

- What is the main purpose of rules in society?
 - A. To make everyone equal
 - B. To create fear
 - C. To maintain order and harmony
 - D. To support only leaders

(C)

Explanation: Rules are necessary to maintain order and harmony when large numbers of people live together.

- 2. What does governance primarily involve?
 - A. Making and enforcing family traditions
 - B. Organizing entertainment events
 - C. Taking decisions and ensuring rules are followed
 - D. Only punishing people who break the law

Explanation: Governance is the process of taking decisions, organizing social life with rules, and ensuring they are followed.

- 3. What is the role of the legislature in government?
 - A. Enforcing laws
 - B. Judging legal cases
 - C. Making or changing laws
 - D. Collecting taxes

Explanation: The legislature is responsible for making new laws and modifying or removing old ones.

- 4. Who is part of the executive organ of government?
 - A. Judges and lawyers
 - B. Ministers and law enforcement agencies
 - C. Speakers of assemblies
 - D. Election commissioners (B)

Explanation: The executive includes the President, Prime Minister, Chief Ministers, and agencies responsible for implementing laws.

- 5. What is the primary role of the judiciary?
 - A. Passing new laws
 - B. Managing elections
 - C. Deciding if someone has broken a law and assigning punishment
 - D. Funding public programs

Explanation: The judiciary checks if laws have been broken and determines the necessary course of action or punishment.

- 6. What is meant by 'Separation of Powers'?
 - A. Each branch works in complete isolation
 - B. One organ controls all the others
 - C. Each organ checks and balances the others
 - D. Only the legislature is powerful

(C)

Explanation: Separation of Powers means each organ of the government can check the actions of the others to maintain balance.

- 7. What is one key function of a good system of governance?
 - A. Concentrating power in one place
 - B. Ignoring people's voices
 - C. Keeping the organs of government separate but interactive
 - D. Letting courts make all rules

(C)

Explanation: A good system separates the organs of government while allowing them to work together as checks and balances.

- 8. What is cybercrime primarily associated with?
 - A. Theft of physical goods
 - B. Traffic rule violations
 - C. Stealing money digitally
 - D. Unlawful printing of books

(C)

Explanation: Cybercrime involves using digital means to illegally access and steal people's money or information.

- 9. What has the rise of cybercrime led governments to do?
 - A. Close internet access
 - B. Avoid using technology
 - C. Pass new laws to fight such crimes
 - D. Replace courts with software

(C)

Explanation: To deal with digital crimes, governments have created new laws and punishments for offenders.

- 10. Which of the following is NOT part of the executive branch?
- A. President
 - B. Prime Minister
 - C. Judges
 - D. Ministers

(C

Explanation: Judges are part of the judiciary, not the executive, which includes the President, PM, and Ministers.