

CHAPTER-4 | Agriculture

QUIZ
PART-04

1. What climatic conditions are essential for the growth of rubber?

- A. Cool and dry climate
- B. Hot and dry climate
- C. Moist and humid climate
- D. Cold and wet climate (C)

Explanation: Rubber requires a moist and humid climate with temperatures above 25°C and rainfall over 200 cm.

2. Which fibre crop is known as the "Golden Fibre"?

- A. Cotton
- B. Silk
- C. Hemp
- D. Jute (D)

Explanation: Jute is referred to as the "Golden Fibre" due to its golden sheen and economic value.

3. Which state is the leading producer of rubber in India?

- A. West Bengal
- B. Gujarat
- C. Kerala
- D. Punjab (C)

Explanation: Kerala is the major producer of rubber in India due to its favorable tropical climate.

4. What is Sericulture?

- A. Cultivation of jute
- B. Production of cotton
- C. Rearing of silkworms for silk
- D. Growing of rubber trees (C)

Explanation: Sericulture refers to the rearing of silkworms to produce silk fiber from their cocoons.

5. Which soil is best suited for growing cotton?

- A. Loamy soil
- B. Sandy soil
- C. Clayey soil
- D. Black cotton soil (D)

Explanation: Cotton grows best in the black cotton soil of the Deccan Plateau, which retains moisture well.

6. What are the main uses of jute?

- A. Medicines and oils
- B. Electronic gadgets
- C. Bags, mats, ropes, carpets
- D. Bio-fuels and fertilizers (C)

Explanation: Jute is used to make eco-friendly items like carry bags, mats, ropes, carpets, and other artefacts.

7. Which climatic feature is required for jute cultivation?

- A. Low humidity and cold winters
- B. Dry and arid summers
- C. High temperature and floodplain soil
- D. Frost and snow (C)

Explanation: Jute requires high temperatures and fertile, well-drained soils in floodplains that are renewed yearly.

8. What was one of the key focuses of the First Five-Year Plan?

- A. Establishment of railways
- B. Abolition of Zamindari
- C. Construction of dams
- D. Introduction of GST (B)

Explanation: The First Five-Year Plan focused on land reforms such as the abolition of the Zamindari system.

9. What is the primary purpose of the Minimum Support Price (MSP)?

- A. To increase fertilizer use
- B. To promote foreign trade
- C. To protect farmers from exploitation
- D. To encourage organic farming (C)

Explanation: MSP helps ensure farmers get fair prices and prevents exploitation by middlemen and speculators.

10. Which of the following is a government initiative to provide credit to farmers?

- A. Green Card Scheme
- B. Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana
- C. Kissan Credit Card (KCC)
- D. Startup India (C)

Explanation: The Kissan Credit Card scheme is designed to offer farmers easy access to loans at low interest rates.