

Poem - 1 | The Ant and the Cricket

QUIZ-01

1. Why does the cricket complain at the beginning of the poem?

- A. He is tired of singing.
- B. He is cold and starving.
- C. He wants to borrow food.
- D. He feels lonely. (B)

Explanation: The cricket complains because his cupboard is empty, and he is suffering from hunger and cold during the harsh winter.

2. What is the central message of the poem?

- A. Save resources for the future.
- B. Enjoy life without worries.
- C. Borrow when in need.
- D. Be kind to others. (A)

Explanation: The poem emphasizes the importance of saving resources during good times to prepare for difficult periods, as shown by the ant's behavior.

3. What excuse does the cricket give for not saving food?

- A. He was busy working.
- B. He forgot about winter.
- C. He spent all his time singing and dancing.
- D. He thought the ant would help him. (C)

Explanation: The cricket admits that he was too preoccupied with singing and dancing during summer and did not prepare for winter.

4. How does the ant respond to the cricket's plea for help?

- A. The ant offers some food.
- B. The ant advises the cricket to dance the winter away.
- C. The ant ignores the cricket.
- D. The ant lends him food reluctantly. (B)

Explanation: The ant dismisses the cricket's plea, telling him to "dance the winter away" as he did not save resources during the warmer months.

5. Which literary device is used in the line "Oh! what will become of me?"

- A. Simile
- B. Personification
- C. Hyperbole
- D. Apostrophe (D)

Explanation: The line addresses an absent audience (the reader) and expresses despair, making it an example of apostrophe.

6. What does the ant symbolize in the poem?

- A. Hard work and foresight
- B. Greed and selfishness
- C. Generosity and kindness
- D. Indifference to others' struggles (A)

Explanation: The ant represents hard work and planning, preparing for the future to avoid suffering during difficult times.

7. How does the poet emphasize the realism of the poem?

- A. By including dialogue between the ant and the cricket
- B. By stating that some crickets have two legs
- C. By describing the ant's home in detail
- D. By explaining the moral at the end (B)

Explanation: The poet adds a realistic touch by humorously claiming that some crickets are "two-legged," implying they represent humans with similar traits.

8. What kind of tone does the ant use when addressing the cricket?

- A. Sympathetic and kind
- B. Firm and dismissive
- C. Angry and hostile
- D. Sarcastic and mocking (B)

Explanation: The ant is firm and dismissive, refusing to lend food and emphasizing the cricket's lack of preparation during summer.

9. Which line from the poem reflects the cricket's regret?

- A. "Oh! what will become of me?"
- B. "All dripping with wet, and all trembling with cold."
- C. "My heart was so light."
- D. "Not a flower could he see." (A)

Explanation: The line captures the cricket's despair and regret about not saving food, highlighting his unpreparedness for winter.

10. What moral does the poet convey through the fable?

- A. Lend generously to those in need.
- B. Enjoy life without worrying about the future.
- C. Hard work and preparation are essential for survival.
- D. Winter is a harsh and unforgiving season. (C)

Explanation: The moral of the poem is that hard work and planning ahead are crucial to overcoming challenges, as shown by the contrast between the ant and the cricket.