

English Grammar | Synthesis

QUIZ-01

1. Which of the following is a simple sentence?

- A. He worked hard and he passed.
- B. He worked hard because he wanted to succeed.
- C. In spite of working hard, he failed.
- D. He worked hard but failed. (C)

Explanation: "In spite of working hard, he failed" is a simple sentence with one main clause and a phrase.

2. Identify the compound sentence from the options below:

- A. She ran fast because she was late.
- B. Running fast, she caught the bus.
- C. She was late, so she ran fast.
- D. Although she was late, she did not hurry. (C)

Explanation: A compound sentence contains two independent clauses joined by a coordinating conjunction ("so").

3. Which sentence is a complex sentence?

- A. The sun set and the birds flew home.
- B. After the sun set, the birds flew home.
- C. The sun set; the birds flew home.
- D. The sun set, the birds flew home. (B)

Explanation: "After the sun set, the birds flew home" includes a dependent clause, making it a complex sentence.

4. Choose the correct simple sentence form of: "He was poor, but he was honest."

- A. Being poor, he was honest.
- B. He was poor and honest.
- C. Despite his poverty, he was honest.
- D. In spite of being poor, he was honest. (C)

Explanation: "Despite his poverty, he was honest" is a simple sentence using a phrase instead of two clauses.

5. Choose the correct complex sentence from the following:

- A. He is rich, he is unhappy.
- B. He is rich but unhappy.
- C. Although he is rich, he is unhappy. (C)
- D. He is rich and unhappy.

Explanation: The sentence uses a subordinating conjunction ("although") and has a dependent and an independent clause.

6. Which of the following is a compound sentence?

- A. If he works hard, he will succeed.
- B. He worked hard, but he failed.
- C. In spite of working hard, he failed.
- D. Though he worked hard, he failed. (B)

Explanation: "He worked hard" and "he failed" are both independent clauses joined by "but"—a coordinating conjunction.

7. Which option converts this sentence into a simple sentence: "He finished his work and went home."

- A. After finishing his work, he went home.
- B. He went home because he finished his work.
- C. He finished his work, and he went home.
- D. Though he finished his work, he stayed. (A)

Explanation: The sentence is made simple using a participial phrase ("After finishing...").

8. Identify the sentence that is not a complex sentence:

- A. Since she was ill, she stayed home.
- B. She stayed home because she was ill.
- C. She was ill, so she stayed home.
- D. Although she was ill, she attended school. (C)

Explanation: "She was ill, so she stayed home" is a compound sentence joined by a coordinating conjunction.

9. What is the correct compound form of the sentence: "Though he is old, he is strong.?"

- A. He is old but strong.
- B. He is old and strong.
- C. He is old; however, he is strong.
- D. He is old, though strong. (C)

Explanation: "He is old" and "he is strong" are independent clauses joined by a conjunctive adverb—forming a compound sentence.

10. Convert to a complex sentence: "He was too weak to walk."

- A. He was weak but walked.
- B. He was so weak that he could not walk.
- C. He was weak and could not walk.
- D. Being weak, he did not walk. (B)

Explanation: "He was so weak that he could not walk" is a complex sentence with a dependent clause showing result.