



CLASS - 10

SOCIAL SCIENCE

Contemporary India-II

CH-4 : Agriculture

Part - 5

Exercise

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Multiple choice questions.

1

(i) Which one of the following describes a system of agriculture where a single crop is grown on a large area?

- A Shifting Agriculture
- B Plantation Agriculture
- C Horticulture
- D Intensive Agriculture

1

(ii) Which one of the following is a rabi crop?

- A Rice
- B Gram
- C Millets
- D Cotton

1

(iii) Which one of the following is a leguminous crop?

- A Pulses
- B Jawar
- C Millets
- D Sesamum



Answer the following questions in about 30 words.

2

- (i) Name one important beverage crop and specify the geographical conditions required for its growth.

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Answer the following questions in about 30 words.

2

(i) Name one important beverage crop and specify the geographical conditions required for its growth.

Answer :

- ▣ Tea is an important beverage crop.
- ▣ The following are the favourable physical conditions for tea:
 - ✧ Warm and subtropical climate
 - ✧ Deep soils rich in humus and organic matter
 - ✧ Sloping areas with easy drainage



2

(ii) Name one staple crop of India and the regions where it is produced.



2 (ii) Name one staple crop of India and the regions where it is produced.

Answer :

- ▣ Rice is the main food crop of India.
- ▣ It is grown in the northern and north-eastern plains, coastal areas and deltaic regions of India.
- ▣ Major producers-
 - ◇ Assam
 - ◇ West Bengal
 - ◇ Odisha



2

(iii) Enlist the various institutional reform programmes introduced by the government in the interest of farmers.





2

(iii) Enlist the various institutional reform programmes introduced by the government in the interest of farmers.

Answer : Following are the various institutional reforms undertaken by the government in the interest of farmers-

- Crop insurance against drought, flood, cyclone, fire and disease
- Minimum Support Price Policy



- ▮ Kisan Credit Card and Personal Accident Insurance Scheme
- ▮ Establishment of rural banks, co-operative societies and banks to provide credit facilities to farmers at low interest rates





Answer the following questions in about 120 words.

3

- (i) Suggest the initiative taken by the government to ensure the increase in agricultural production.

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Answer the following questions in about 120 words.

3

(i) Suggest the initiative taken by the government to ensure the increase in agricultural production.

Answer :

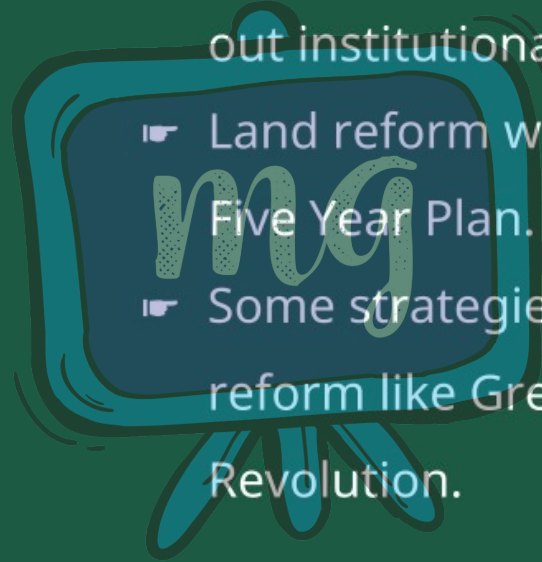
The following measures have been taken by the government to ensure increase in agricultural production-

- After independence, priority was given to consolidation of land holdings, co-operation and



abolition of Zamindari system etc. for carrying out institutional reforms in the country.

- Land reform was the main objective of the First Five Year Plan.
- Some strategies were initiated for agricultural reform like Green Revolution and White Revolution.





- Schemes such as Minimum Support Price, provision of crop insurance, subsidies for agricultural inputs (such as power, fertilizers), establishment of rural banks and co-operative societies, Kisan Credit Card and Personal Accident Insurance Scheme.





3

(ii) Describe the geographical conditions required for the growth of rice.



3

(ii) Describe the geographical conditions required for the growth of rice.

Answer :

- ▣ Rice is the staple food of most people in India
- ▣ It is a Kharif crop
- ▣ The following are the suitable geographical conditions for rice cultivation -
 - ✧ It requires high temperature (above 25°C) and high humidity (more than 100 cm rainfall) for growing.



✦ Alluvial soil of flood plains and deltaic areas are considered suitable.

✦ Good irrigation is required in areas with adequate rainfall and low rainfall.

✦ Cheap and skilled labour is required in sufficient quantity.

