

# CLASS – 10

# MATHEMATICS

Chapter – 12

**SURFACE AREAS AND  
VOLUMES**

Part – 2

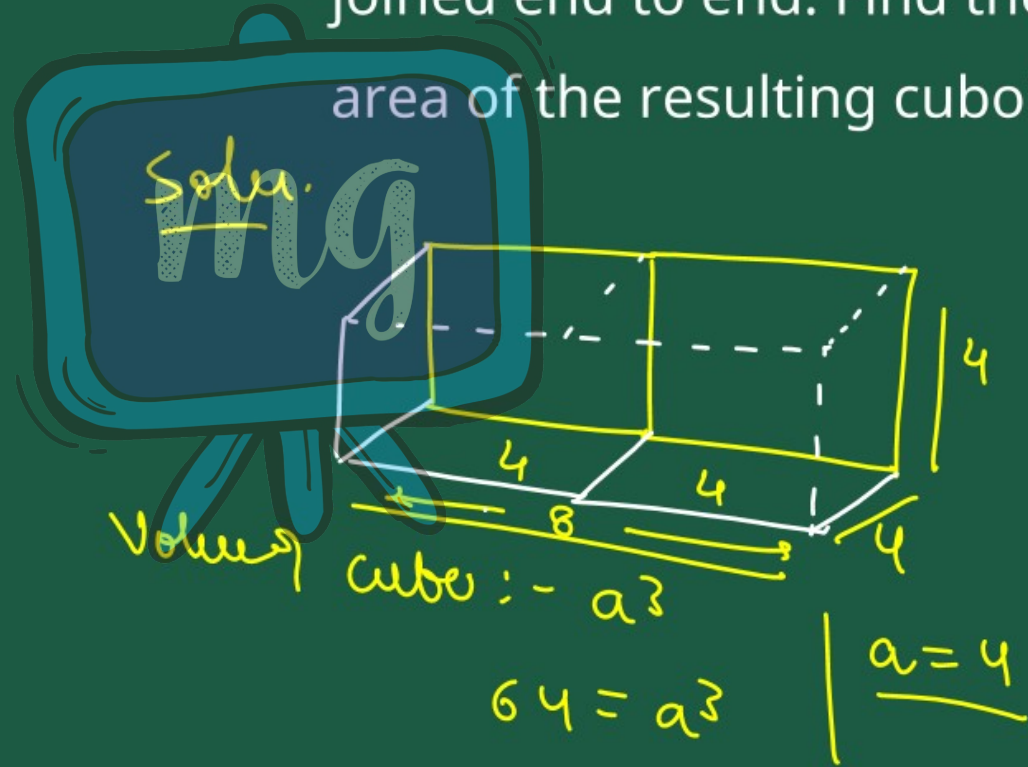
**EXERCISE 12.1**

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## EXERCISE 12.1

1. 2 cubes each of volume  $64 \text{ cm}^3$  are joined end to end. Find the surface area of the resulting cuboid.



Surface Area of cuboid:

$$= 2(lb + bh + lh)$$

$$l = 8$$

$$b = 4$$

$$h = 4$$

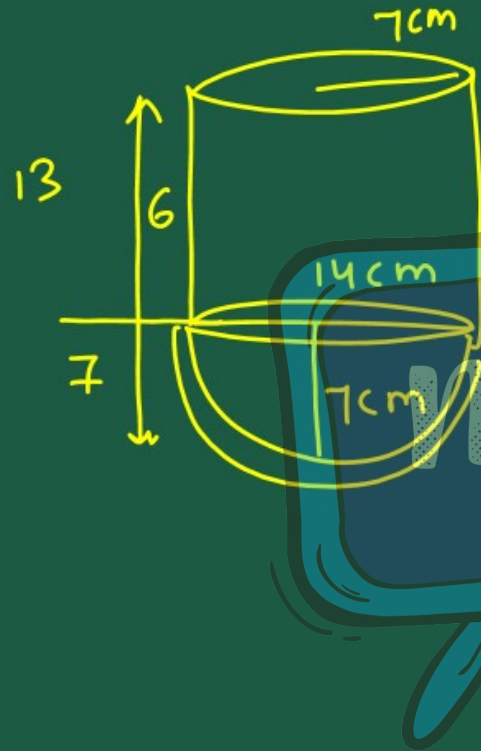
$$= 2(8 \times 4 + 4 \times 4 + 8 \times 4)$$

$$= 2(32 + 16 + 32)$$

$$2(64 + 16)$$

$$= 2 \times 80$$

$$\text{S.A. of cuboid} = 160 \text{ cm}^2$$



2. A vessel is in the form of a hollow hemisphere mounted by a hollow cylinder. The diameter of the hemisphere is 14 cm and the total height of the vessel is 13 cm. Find the inner surface area of the vessel.

Solu:- CSA of cylinder + CSA

of Hemisphere

$$= 2\pi r h + 2\pi r^2$$

$$= 2\pi r [h + r]$$

$$= 2 \times 22 \times 7 [6 + 7]$$

$$= 2 \times 22 \times 13$$

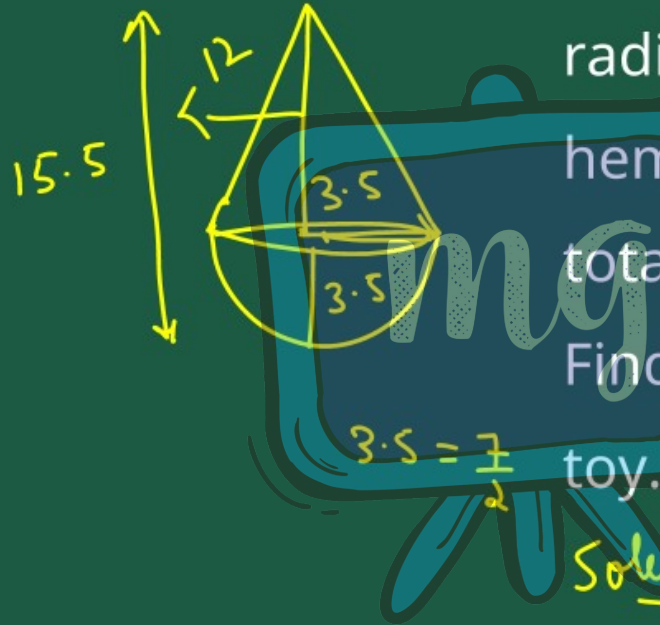
$\hat{11 \times 2}$

$$11 \times 13 \times 4$$

$$11 \times 52$$

$$\underline{572 \text{ cm}^2}$$


3. A toy is in the form of a cone of radius 3.5 cm mounted on a hemisphere of same radius. The total height of the toy is 15.5 cm. Find the total surface area of the



Sol<sup>n</sup>

$$l^2 = h^2 + r^2$$

$$l = \sqrt{(12)^2 + \left(\frac{7}{2}\right)^2}$$

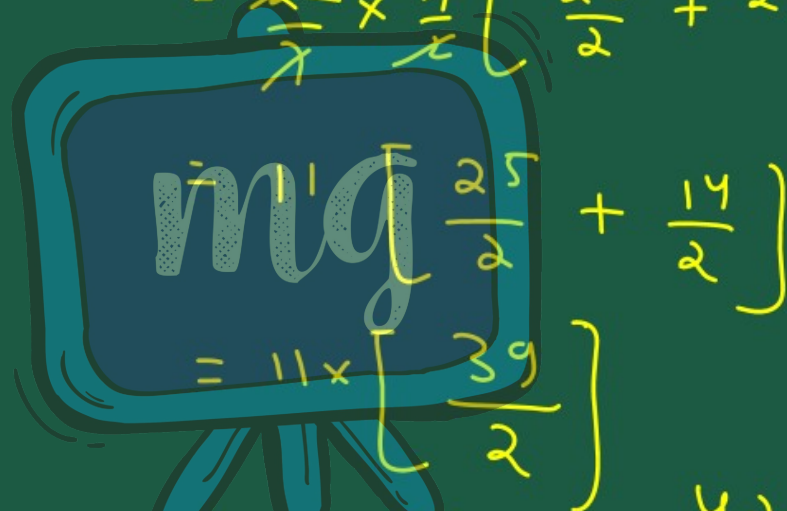

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda^2 &= \sqrt{12^2 + \left(\frac{7}{2}\right)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{144 + \frac{49}{4}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{576 + 49}{4}} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{625}{4}} = \left(\frac{25}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

CSA of cone + CSA of hemisphere.

$$\pi r \lambda + 2\pi r^2$$

$$= \pi r^2 [h + 2r]$$

$$= \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{11}{2} \left[ \frac{25}{2} + 2 \times \frac{7}{2} \right]$$


$$= 11 \times \left[ \frac{25}{2} + \frac{14}{2} \right]$$

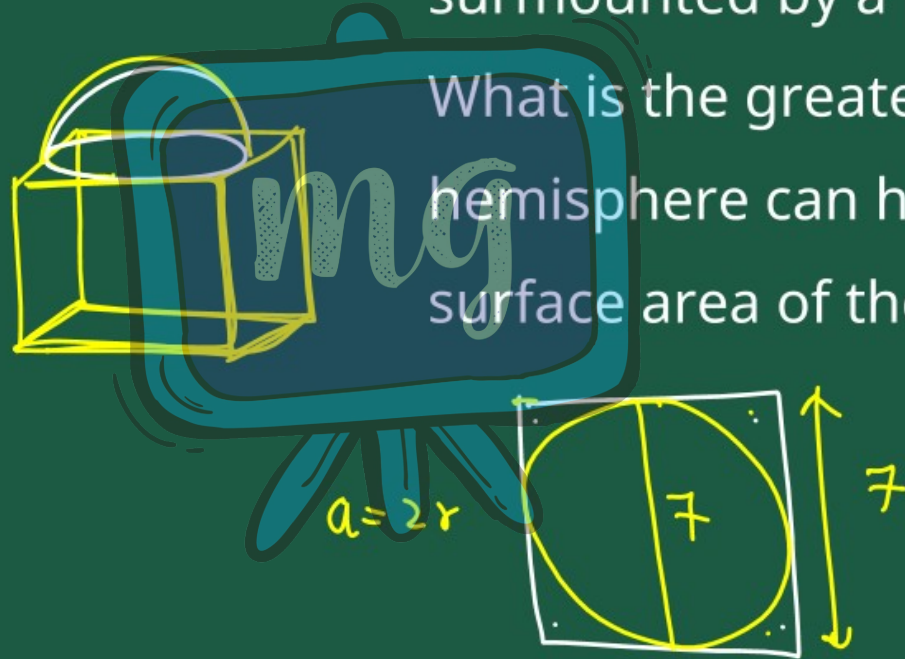
$$= 11 \times \left[ \frac{39}{2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{11 \times 39}{2} =$$

$$\frac{429}{2} = 214.5 \text{ cm}^2$$

4. A cubical block of side 7 cm is surmounted by a hemisphere.

What is the greatest diameter the hemisphere can have? Find the surface area of the solid.



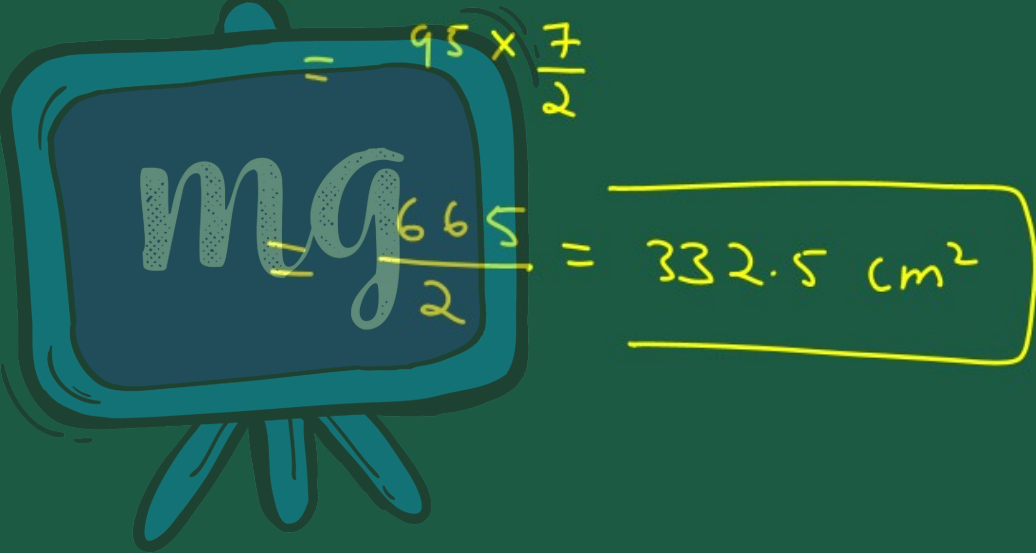
The greatest diameter will be equal to the side of cube = 7cm.



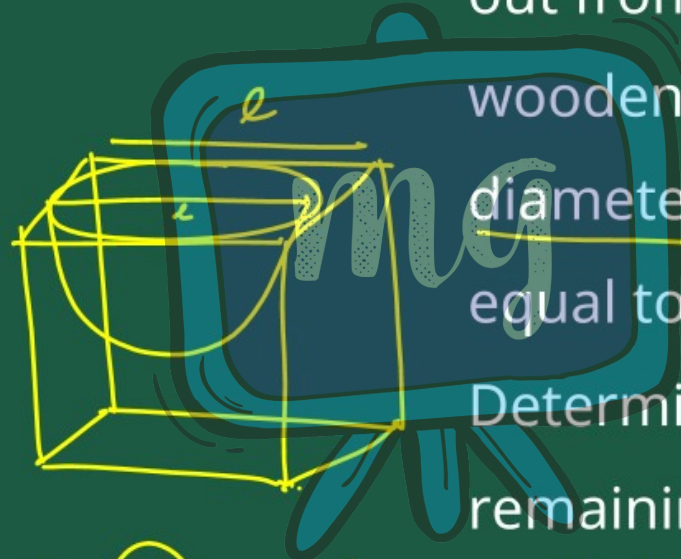
SA of solid:-  $4a^2 + a^2 + a^2 - \pi r^2 + 2\pi r^2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 6a^2 + \pi r^2 \\
 &= 6(2r)^2 + \pi r^2 \\
 &= 6 \times 4r^2 + \pi r^2 \\
 &= 8^2 \left[ 24 + \frac{22}{7} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\frac{7}{2} \times \frac{7}{2} \left[ \frac{24 \times 7 + 22}{7} \right] \\
 &\frac{7}{2 \times 2} \left[ \frac{24 \times 7 + 22}{7} \right] \\
 &\frac{7}{2} \left[ 84 + 11 \right]
 \end{aligned}$$


$$= \frac{7}{2} (84 + 11)$$
$$= 95 \times \frac{7}{2}$$
$$\frac{665}{2} = 332.5 \text{ cm}^2$$

5. A hemispherical depression is cut out from one face of a cubical wooden block such that the diameter  $l$  of the hemisphere is equal to the edge of the cube.



Determine the surface area of the remaining solid.

$$a = (2r)$$

$$\underline{a = l}$$

Soln. -

$$5a^2 + a^2 - \pi r^2 + 2\pi r^2$$

$$6a^2 + \pi r^2$$

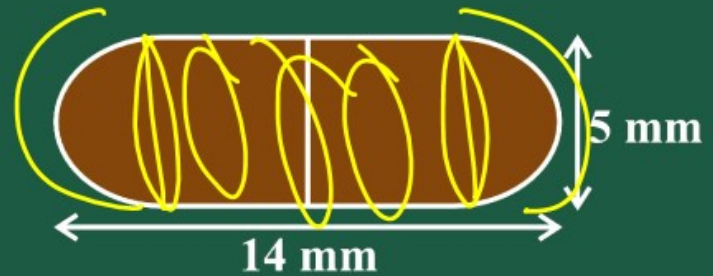
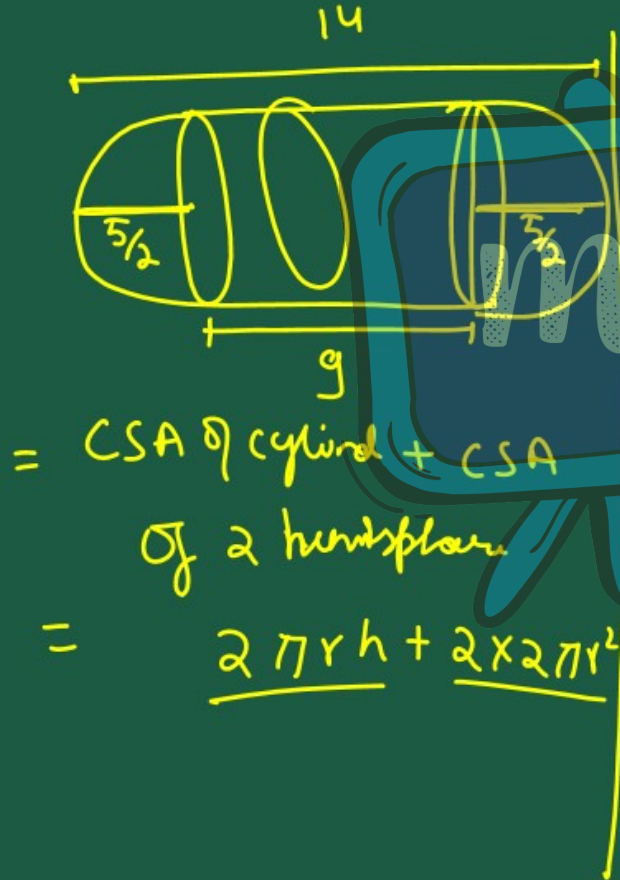
Total surface Area}

the Remaining solid..

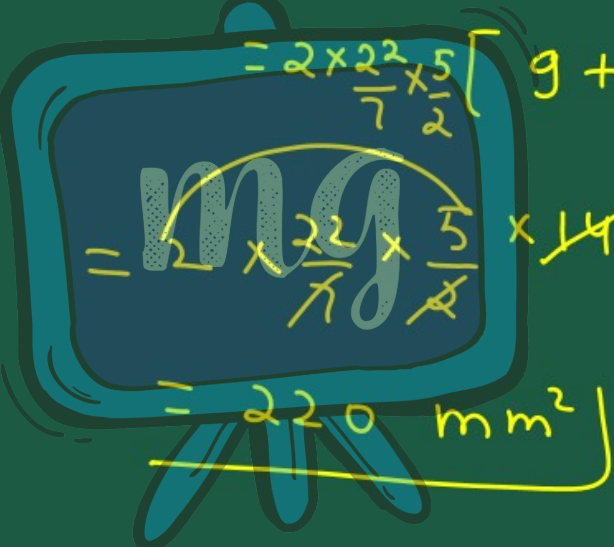
$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{6a^2 + \pi r^2}{4} \\ &= \frac{6(l)^2 + \pi\left(\frac{l}{2}\right)^2}{4} \\ &= \frac{6l^2 + \pi \frac{l^2}{4}}{4} \\ &= l^2 \left[ \frac{6 + \frac{\pi}{4}}{4} \right] \\ &= l^2 \left[ 6 + \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{1}{4} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &l^2 \left[ 6 + \frac{11}{14} \right] \\ &l^2 \left[ \frac{84 + 11}{14} \right] \\ &l^2 \left[ \frac{95}{14} \right] = \frac{95}{14} l^2 \end{aligned}$$

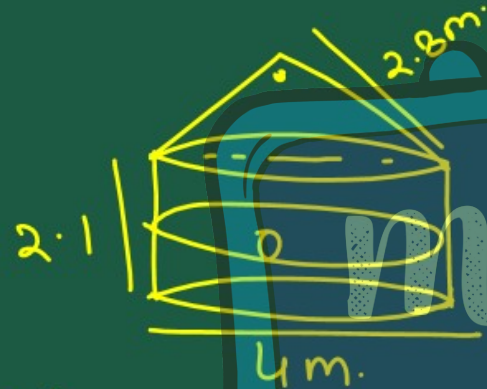
6. A medicine capsule is in the shape of a cylinder with two hemispheres stuck to each of its ends (see Fig.). The length of the entire capsule is 14 mm and the diameter of the capsule is 5 mm. Find its surface area.



$$SA = 2\pi rh + 2 \times 2\pi r^2$$
$$= 2\pi r [h + 2r]$$


$$= 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{5}{2} [9 + 2 \times \frac{5}{2}]$$
$$= 2 \times \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{5}{2} \times 14$$
$$= \underline{220 \text{ mm}^2}$$

7. A tent is in the shape of a cylinder surmounted by a conical top. If the height and diameter of the cylindrical part are 2.1 m and 4 m respectively, and the slant height

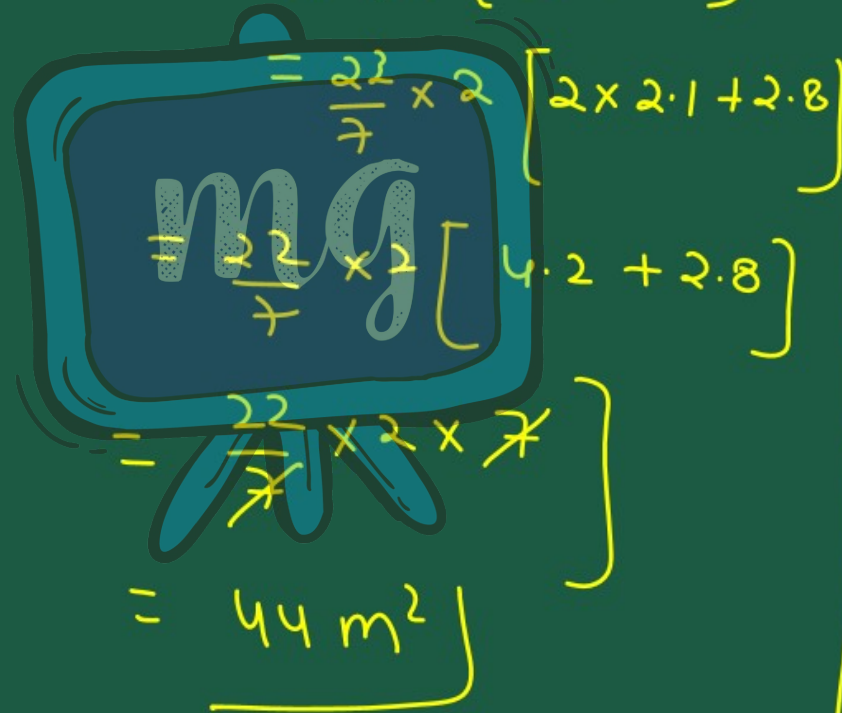


of the top is 2.8 m, find the area of the canvas used for making the tent.

Solu:- CSA of cylinder  
+ CSA of cone  
 $= 2\pi rh + \pi r l$

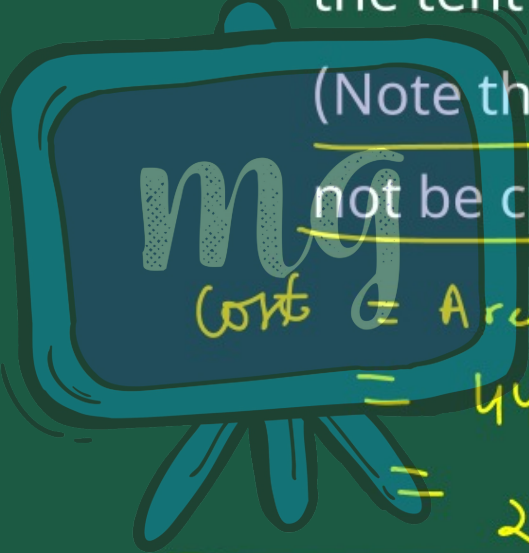
$$SA = 2\pi rh + \pi r l$$
$$= \pi r [2h + l]$$

$$r = 2\text{ m}$$
$$h = 2.1\text{ m}$$
$$l = 2.8\text{ m}$$


$$= \frac{22}{7} \times 2 [2 \times 2.1 + 2.8]$$
$$= \frac{22}{7} \times 2 [4.2 + 2.8]$$
$$= \frac{22}{7} \times 2 \times 7$$
$$= 44\text{ m}^2$$

Also, find the cost of the canvas of the tent at the rate of ₹500 per m<sup>2</sup>.

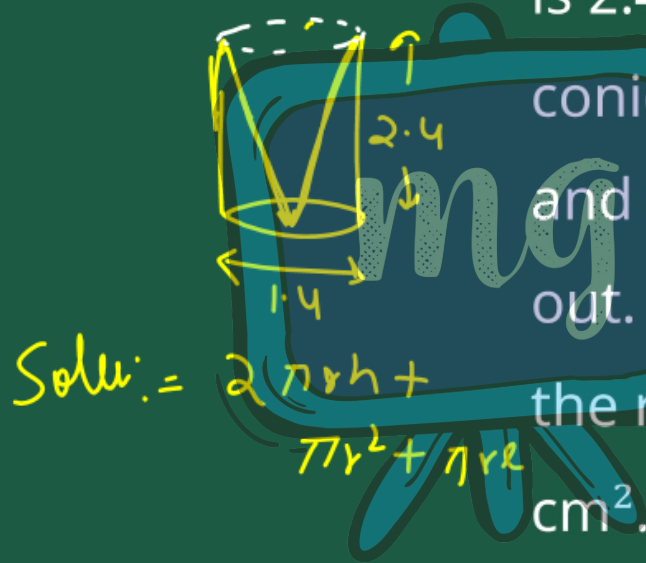
(Note that the base of the tent will not be covered with canvas.)



mg

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Cost} &= \text{Area} \times \text{rate} \\ &= 44 \times 500 \\ &= \underline{22,000 \text{ Rs.}}\end{aligned}$$

8. From a solid cylinder whose height is 2.4 cm and diameter 1.4 cm, a conical cavity of the same height and same diameter is hollowed out. Find the total surface area of the remaining solid to the nearest  $\text{cm}^2$ .



$$\text{Soln:} = 2\pi rh + \pi r^2 + \pi r l$$

$\text{cm}^2$ .

$$SA = 2\pi rh + \pi r^2 + \pi r l$$

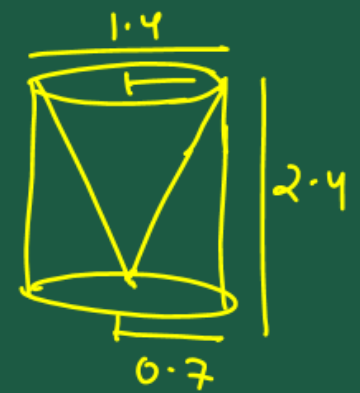
$$= \pi r [2h + r + l]$$

$$= \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{7}{10} [2 \times 2.4 + 0.7 + 2.5]$$

$$= \frac{11}{5} [4.8 + 0.7 + 2.5]$$

$$\frac{2 \times 11 \times 8}{2 \times 5}$$

$$\frac{22 \times 8}{10} = \frac{176}{10} = 17.6 \text{ cm}^2$$



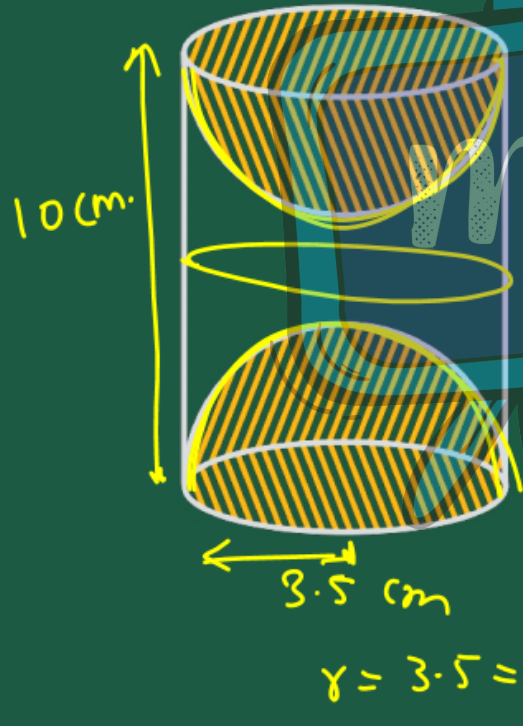
$$l = \sqrt{(0.7)^2 + (2.4)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{0.49 + 5.76}$$

$$= \sqrt{6.25}$$

$$l = 2.5$$

9. A wooden article was made by scooping out a hemisphere from each end of a solid cylinder, as shown in Fig. If the height of the cylinder is 10 cm, and its base is of radius 3.5 cm, find the total surface area of the article.



Soln SA = CSA of cylinder + CSA of two hemispheres

$r = 3.5 = 7/2$

$$\text{CSA of cylinder} = 2\pi rh$$

$$\text{CSA of hemisphere} = 2\pi r^2$$

$$= 2\pi rh + 2 \times 2\pi r^2$$

$$= 2\pi r [h + 2r]$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 22}{7} \times 4 \left[ 10 + 2 \times 7 \right]$$

$$= 22 \times 17$$

$$= 11 \times 2 \times 17$$

$$= 11 \times 34 = \underline{374 \text{ cm}^2}$$