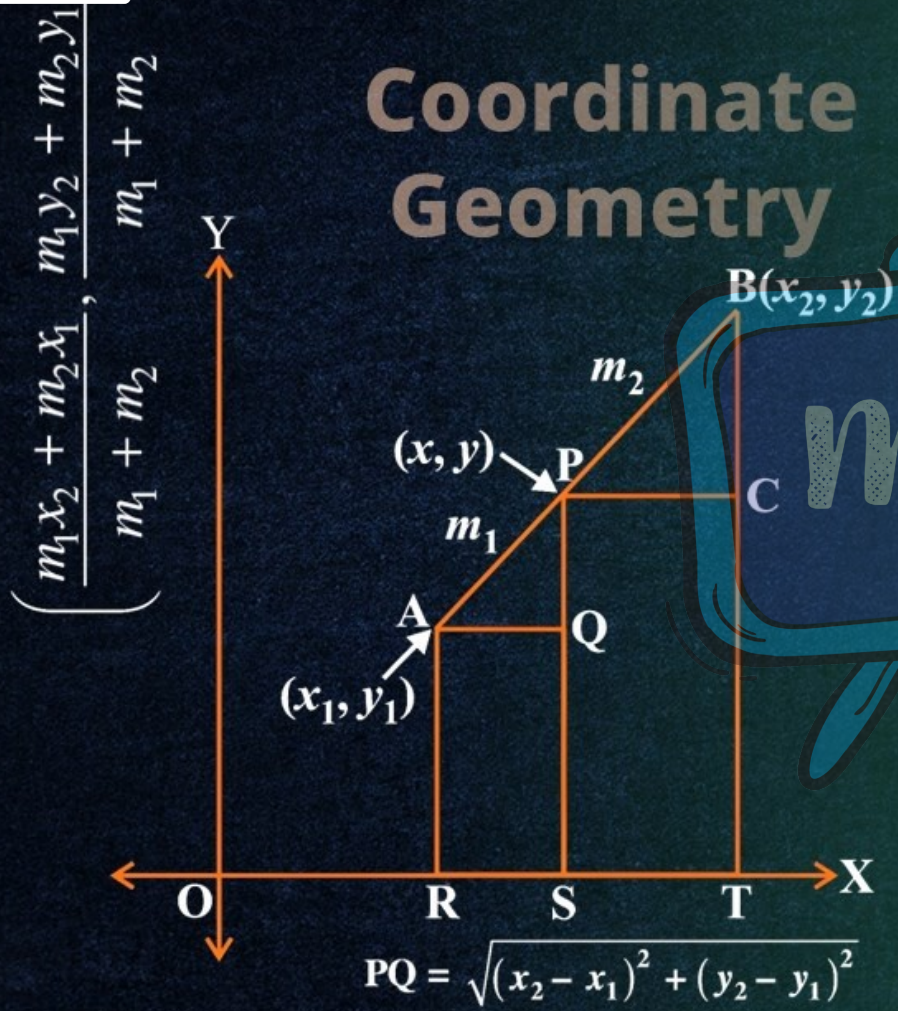


Coordinate Geometry



CLASS - 10

MATHEMATICS

Chapter - 7

Coordinate Geometry

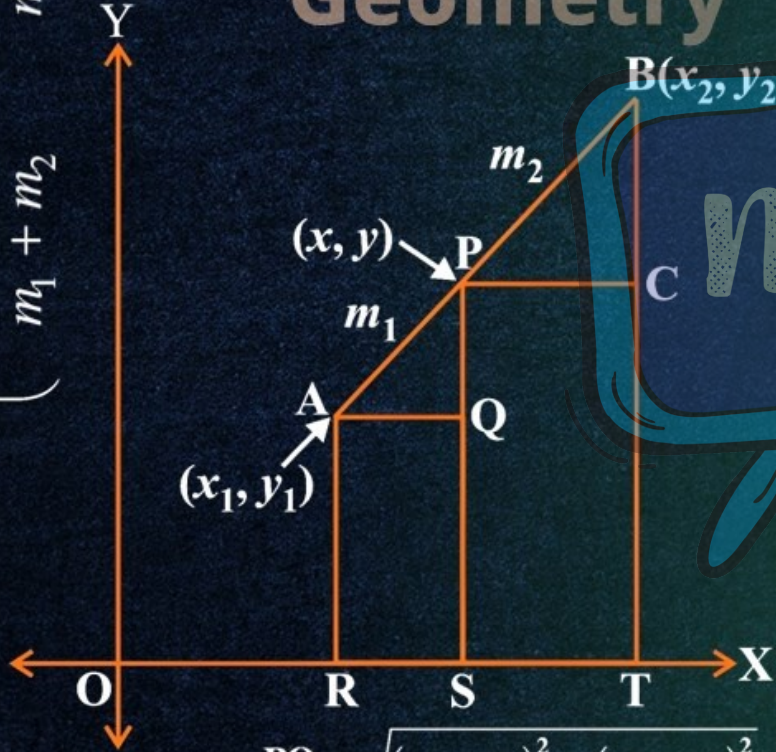
Part - 6

Exercise 7.2 (Q.1-5)

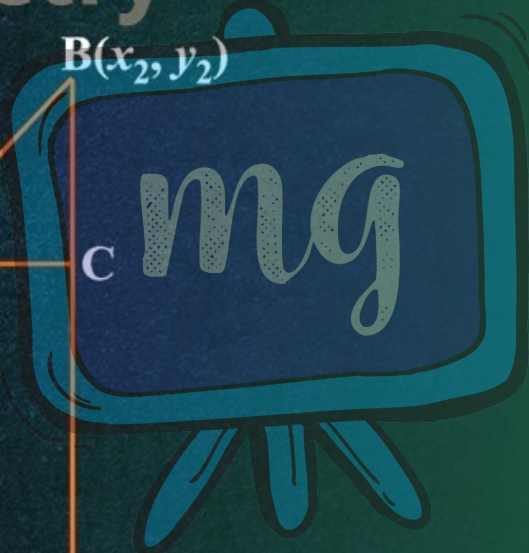
Shubham Tiwari

Coordinate Geometry

$$\left(\frac{m_1x_2 + m_2x_1}{m_1 + m_2}, \frac{m_1y_2 + m_2y_1}{m_1 + m_2} \right)$$

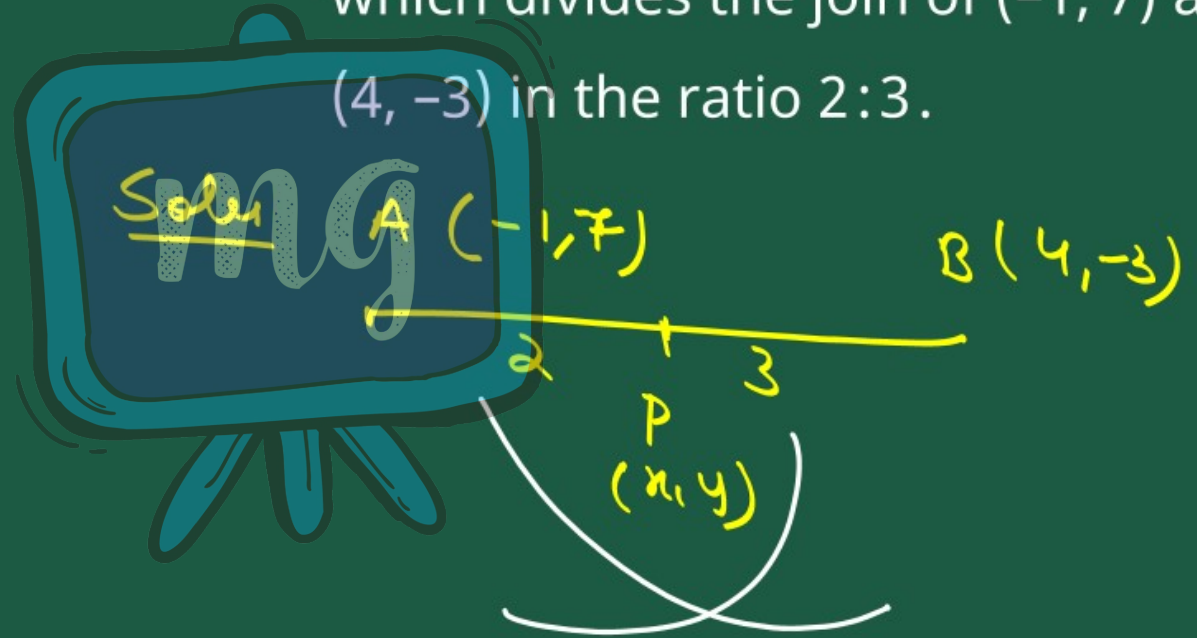


$$PQ = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$



EXERCISE 7.2

1. Find the coordinates of the point which divides the join of $(-1, 7)$ and $(4, -3)$ in the ratio $2:3$.



By applying section formula.

$$x = \frac{m_2 x_1 + m_1 x_2}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$y = \frac{m_1 y_2 + m_2 y_1}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$x = \frac{2 \times 4 + 3(-1)}{2+3}$$

$$x = \frac{8 + (-3)}{5}$$

$$y = \frac{2 \times -3 + 3 \times 7}{2+3}$$

$$= \frac{-6 + 21}{5}$$

$$x = \frac{\cancel{18}}{\cancel{18}}$$

$$y = \frac{\cancel{18}}{\cancel{6}}$$

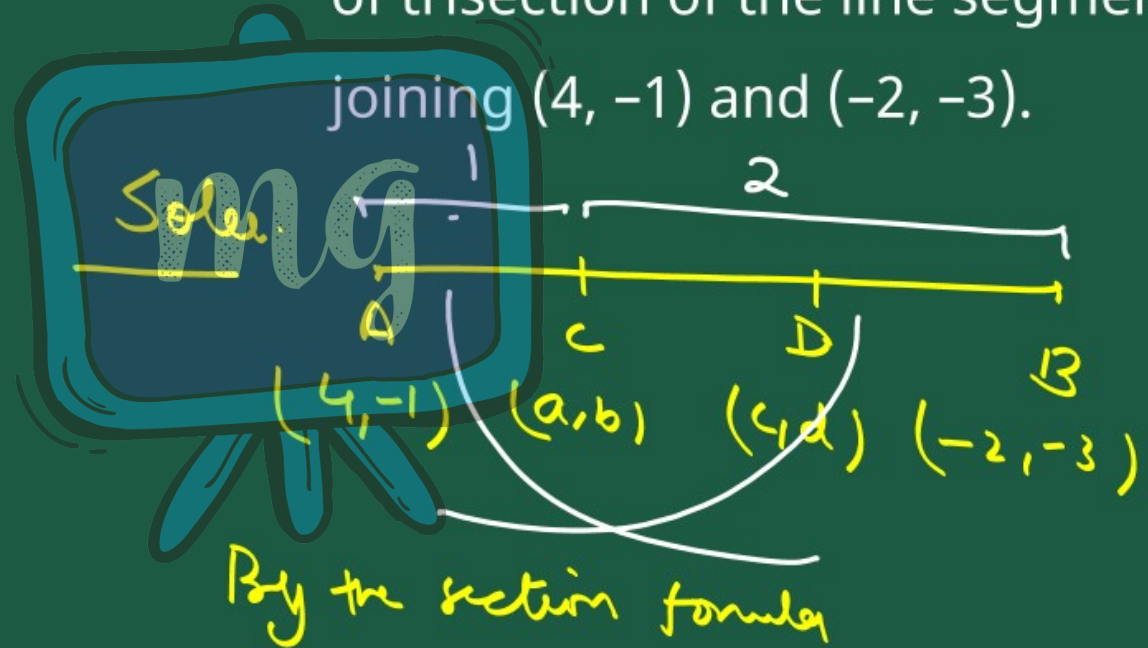
$$x = 1$$

$$y = 3$$

Hence the co-ordinate of the point

is (x, y) which is $(1, 3)$

2. Find the coordinates of the points of trisection of the line segment joining $(4, -1)$ and $(-2, -3)$.



$$x = \frac{m_2 x_1 + m_1 x_2}{m_2 + m_1}$$

$$y = \frac{m_2 y_1 + m_1 y_2}{m_2 + m_1}$$

$$x = \frac{1x - 2 + 2x \cdot 4}{1 + 2}$$

$$= \frac{-2 + 8}{3}$$

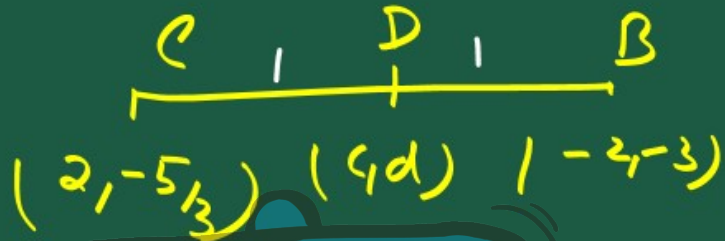
$$x = \frac{6}{3} = 2$$

$$y = \frac{1x - 3 + 2x - 1}{1 + 2}$$

$$= \frac{-3 - 2}{3}$$

$$y = \frac{-5}{3}$$

hence the co-ordinate
of C is $(2, -5/3)$



We can apply mid-point formula for BC, where D is the mid-point.

$$\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2} = x$$

$$\frac{2 + (-2)}{2} = x$$

$$x = \frac{0}{2} = 0$$

$$y = \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}$$

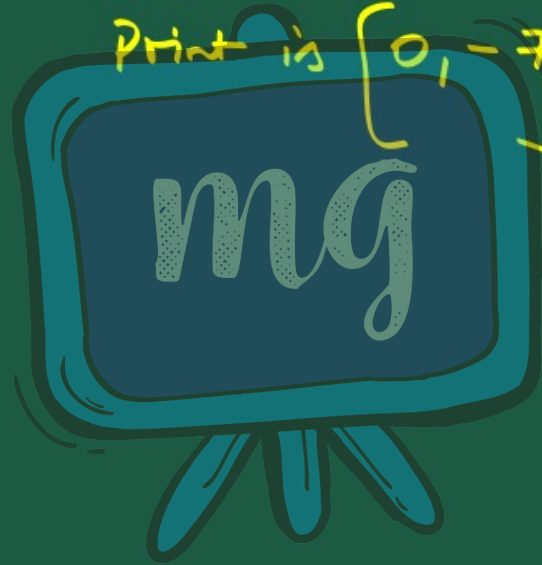
$$y = \frac{-5 - 3}{2}$$

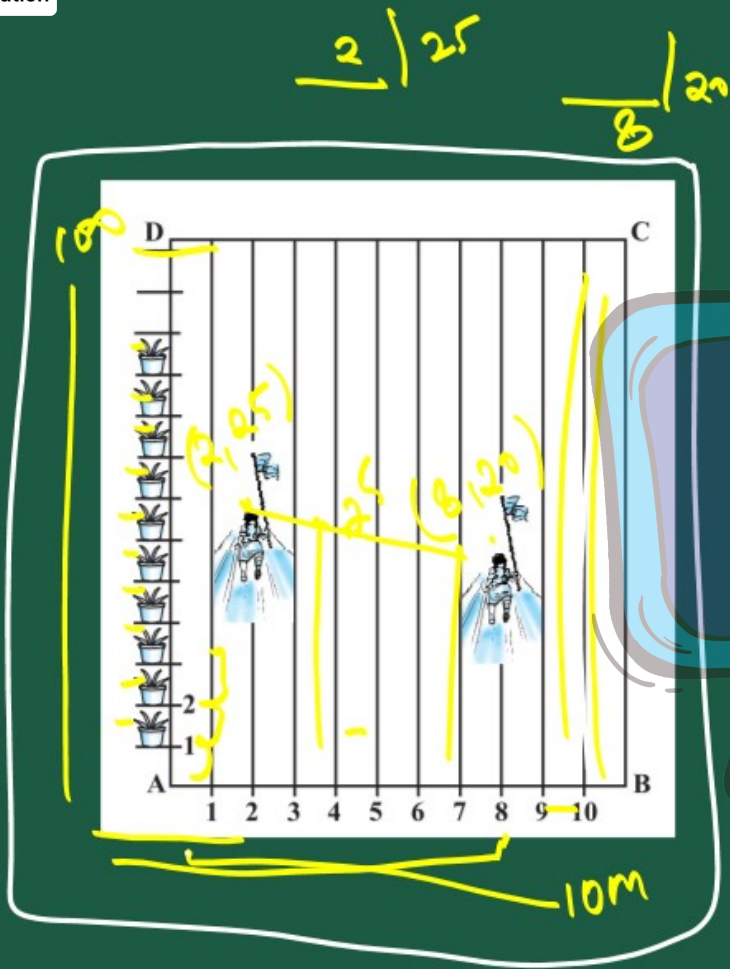
$$y = \frac{-8}{2} = -4$$

$$\frac{7}{3} \times \frac{1}{2}$$

Hence the co-ordinate of d

Print is $[0, -7/3]$

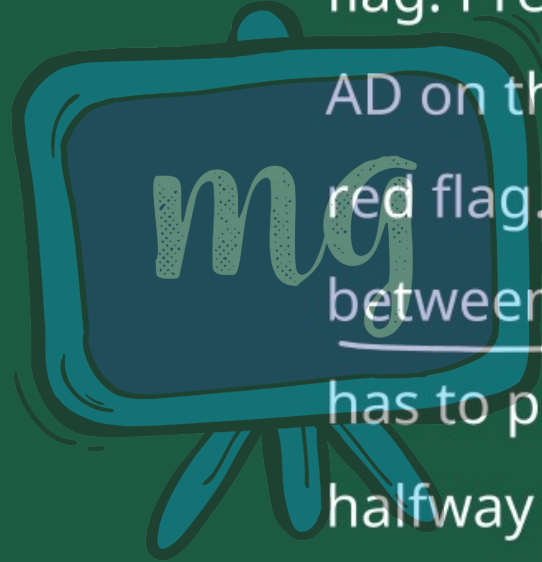




3. To conduct Sports Day activities, in your rectangular shaped school ground ABCD, lines have been drawn with chalk powder at a distance of 1m each. 100 flower pots have been placed at a distance of 1m from each other along AD, as shown in Fig.

Niharika runs $\frac{1}{4}$ th distance AD on

the 2nd line and posts a green flag. Preet runs $\frac{1}{5}$ th the distance AD on the eighth line and posts a red flag. What is the distance between both the flags? If Rashmi has to post a blue flag exactly halfway between the line segment joining the two flags, where should she post her flag?





By distance formula

$$AB = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(8 - 2)^2 + (20 - 25)^2}$$

$$AB = \sqrt{6^2 + (-5)^2}$$

$$AB = \sqrt{6^2 + 5^2}$$

$$AB = \sqrt{36 + 25}$$

$$AB = \sqrt{36 + 25}$$

$$AB = \sqrt{61} \text{ m.}$$



$$x = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{8 + 2}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{20 + 25}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{10}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{45}{2}$$

$$x = 5$$

$$y = 22.5$$

Hence the distance between the flag is $\sqrt{61}$ m. and co-ordinate for the blue flag is $(5, 22.5)$

4. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points $(-3, 10)$ and $(6, -8)$ is divided by $(-1, 6)$.

Soln.

A
 $(-3, 10)$

$(-1, 6)$

B
 $(6, -8)$

Let the ratios are $k:1$

By section formula.

$$x = \frac{m_2 x_1 + m_1 x_2}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$-1 = \frac{K \times 6 + 1 \times -3}{K+1}$$

$-1(K+1) = 6K-3$

$-K-1 = 6K-3$

$3-1 = 6K+K$

$2 = 7K$

$\frac{2}{7} = \frac{K}{1}$

Therefore ratios are
2:7.

5. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining $A(1, -5)$ and $B(-4, 5)$ is divided by the x-axis. Also find the coordinates of the point of division.

Soln.

The diagram shows a horizontal line segment representing the line segment AB. Point A is at the left end with coordinates $(1, -5)$. Point B is at the right end with coordinates $(-4, 5)$. The segment is divided by the x-axis at point C, which has coordinates $(x, 0)$. Above the segment, the ratio of division is indicated as k (above A) to 1 (above B).

By section formula.

$$y = \frac{m_2 y_1 + m_1 y_2}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$0 = \frac{k \times 5 + 1 \times (-5)}{k + 1}$$

$$0 = 5k - 5$$

$$5 = 5k$$

$$5/5 = k$$

$$\frac{k}{1} = \frac{1}{1}$$

Hence the ratio are 1:1

To Find the point of Intersection

let apply section formula


$$x = \frac{m_2 x_1 + m_1 x_2}{m_1 + m_2}$$
$$x = \frac{1x - 4 + 1x1}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{-4 + 1}{2} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

Therefore the
co-ordinate is
 $(-\frac{3}{2}, 10)$