CDS EXAM (1) 2022

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T.B.C.: GHSA-U-ENG

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Test Booklet Series

Serial

1281821

TEST BOOKLET ENGLISH



Time Allowed: Two Hours

Maximum Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EXAMINATION, YOU SHOULD CHECK THAT THIS TEST BOOKLET DOES **NOT** HAVE ANY UNPRINTED OR TORN OR MISSING PAGES OR ITEMS, ETC. IF SO, GET IT REPLACED BY A COMPLETE TEST BOOKLET.
- 2. Please note that it is the candidate's responsibility to encode and fill in the Roll Number and Test Booklet Series Code A, B, C or D carefully and without any omission or discrepancy at the appropriate places in the OMR Answer Sheet. Any omission/discrepancy will render the Answer Sheet liable for rejection.
- 3. You have to enter your Roll Number on the Test Booklet in the Box provided alongside.

 DO NOT write anything else on the Test Booklet.
- 4. This Test Booklet contains 120 items (questions). Each item comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider the best. In any case, choose ONLY ONE response for each item.
- 5. You have to mark all your responses ONLY on the separate Answer Sheet provided. See directions in the Answer Sheet.
- 6. All items carry equal marks.
- 7. Before you proceed to mark in the Answer Sheet the response to various items in the Test Booklet, you have to fill in some particulars in the Answer Sheet as per instructions sent to you with your Admission Certificate.
- 8. After you have completed filling in all your responses on the Answer Sheet and the examination has concluded, you should hand over to the Invigilator only the Answer Sheet. You are permitted to take away with you the Test Booklet.
- 9. Sheets for rough work are appended in the Test Booklet at the end.
- 10. Penalty for wrong answers:

THERE WILL BE PENALTY FOR WRONG ANSWERS MARKED BY A CANDIDATE IN THE OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTION PAPERS.

- (i) There are four alternatives for the answer to every question. For each question for which a wrong answer has been given by the candidate, **one-third** of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.
- (ii) If a candidate gives more than one answer, it will be treated as a **wrong answer** even if one of the given answers happens to be correct and there will be same penalty as above to that question.
- (iii) If a question is left blank, i.e., no answer is given by the candidate, there will be no penalty for that question.

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GHSA-U-ENG

(1-A)

CDS EXAM (1) 2022

SPOTTING ERRORS

Directions: Each item in this section has a sentence with three underlined parts labelled as (a), (b) and (c). Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in any underlined part and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet against the corresponding letter i.e., (a) or (b) or (c). If you find no error, your response should be indicated as (d).

	(a)		(b)	7.		
at	t the instance of the	Chief of the Grou	ip. No error			
	(c)		(d)			
If	I am the principa	al of the school I	would abolish al	l examination	s. No error	
	(a)	(b)	(c)		(d)	
M	Iy mother is thinking	ng that I should	stop drinking.	No error		Shiri Mark A
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		r kurnor
T	he students have	a good time in the	he class today.	No error		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
M	Tore than thirty lak	ch people were in	noculated against	COVID-19	on March 15 th .	No error
	(a)		(b)	U	(c)	(d)
L	IC was found on	September 1, 1956	via the Life Ir	surance Corp	oration Act. N	No error
	(a)	(b)		(c)		(d)
F	'ull many a flower	are born to blus	sh unseen. No	error		
100	(a)	(b)	155 M	d)		
					as the facility	
Ι	shall be glad to hel	p every one of n	ny boys in their	studies. No	error	
Ī	shall be glad to hel	every one of n (b)	A CHARLES	r studies. No	(d)	
_		(b)		(c)	(d)	error
_	(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)	error (d)
<u>N</u>	(a) Most heart attacks	(b) involve discomfor (b)	rt in the centre	or left side of	(d)	(d)

FILL IN THE BLANKS

Directions: Each of the following sentences in this section has a blank space and four words or group of words are given after the sentence. Select the most appropriate word or group of words for the blank space and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

11.	Fifteen years, Elizabeth left her	16.	There is nothing _	than a busy life.
	career and moved to India with her spouse.	00.86	(a) good	e de capa de peine ande
	(a) ago		(b) easier	of the state of th
	(b) before		(c) best	Tadt ta osnatas sub a
	(c) · since		(d) better	
	(d) behind			and by the law, of
	RVIDE IV. Supering Reserved	17.	I wish I	young again.
12.	The Government has into a		(a) were	and the second of the second of the second of the second
	specific agreement with a charitable trust to		(b) was	
	provide medicines to poor patients.		(c) had been	Service is the service of the service of
	(a) enter		(d) have been	(31)
	(b) entered		A	NAME OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE
	(c) entering	18.		hard and make up
	(d) been entered		lost time.	Constitution (1)
10			(a) with	A STATE OF THE
13.	Whatever, please keep calm.		(b) for	i, i dare tiala (pu
	(a) has happened		(c) during	The second second
	(b) is happening		(d) again	
	(c) has been happening	-	Tarklind White	A C. C. SING REVIOLE . A
	(d) happens	19.	The state of the s	hardly be called successful,
14.	road we take, we shall be late.			nd no good results.
	(a) Whatever	1000	The state of the s	Z - Tuli mang a flow it is
	(b) What		(b) did	mi
		V	(c) didn't	
	(c) Whichever		(d) has	aled of ball of Tana 3 - 18
	(d) Which	90	A 41	61.5
15.	The news is good to be true.	20.		market rate, twelve dozen
	(a) so		one hun	dred rupees.
	(b) too		(a) costs	and the state of t
			(b) cost	
	(c) very		(c) costed	
	(d) enough		(d) is costing	

IDIOMS AND PHRASES

Directions: Given below are some idioms/phrases followed by four alternative meanings to each. Choose the response (a), (b), (c) or (d) which is the most appropriate expression and mark your response in the Answer Sheet accordingly.

- 21. Be out for the count
 - (a) Sleeping deeply
 - (b) Counting money carefully
 - (c) To count each step one takes
 - (d) To be very happy
- 22. Go by the book
 - (a) To buy a book of one's choice
 - (b) To understand the book
 - (c) To follow someone who reads books
 - (d) To follow rules exactly
- 23. Double-talk
 - (a) Interfering while someone is talking
 - (b) Speaking with double meaning
 - (c) Speaking to confuse people and avoid truth
 - (d) Talking repeatedly and annoying people
- 24. At somebody's elbow
 - (a) To be dominated by someone
 - (b) To be near someone in order to help
 - (c) To be kept in house
 - (d) To make people important
- 25. Treading on eggshells
 - (a) Taking care of eggs to save the lives of young chicks
 - (b) Intending to grow very fast
 - (c) Making best bets in one's trade
 - (d) To be careful in speech and actions

- 26. Everyone and his brother
 - (a) An individual and all his relatives
 - (b) To think about universal brotherhood
 - (c) A large number of people
 - (d) To treat people as relatives
- 27. Feet of clay
 - (a) Very soft feet
 - (b) Difficulty in running
 - (c) Slow in actions
 - (d) Hidden faults
- 28. Feel the pinch
 - (a) Being hurt and wounded by someone
 - (b) To remain silent on injustice
 - (c) Having financial problems all of a sudden
 - (d) Feeling disappointment
- 29. The feathers fly
 - (a) To add more success to one's career
 - (b) To fight and argue a lot
 - (c) To lead a carefree life
 - (d) To get into a romantic relationship
- 30. A foregone conclusion
 - (a) A generous gift
 - (b) A confusing idea
 - (c) An obvious speculation
 - (d) An inevitable result

(4-A)

ORDERING OF WORDS IN A SENTENCE

Directions: Each of the following items in this section consists of a sentence, parts of which have been jumbled. These parts have been labelled as P, Q, R and S. Given below each sentence are four sequences, namely (a), (b), (c) and (d). You are required to re-arrange the jumbled parts of the sentence and mark your response accordingly.

31.	as soon as	the government was pressed to do	something for the poor	the session commenced
	P	Q	R	S
	(a) QRS	Place de fud which which a part		Hodews T. L. Ass., Inc.
	(b) RQP	S		12 01001 EUSTOO
	(c) PSQ	R		
	(d) SQR	P		
32.	they do not	t come within my subject lightly es	teemed by me if I don't	speak to them, it's because
	and not bo	P cause they are	Q	R
	and not be			
		S		am bell at the
	(a) SPRO		No. 2 Production of the second	Single State of State
	(b) QRP			The State of the S
	(c) RSP(
	(d) RPS			
33.	no magnan	imous victor the fortune of war had	l put in his power so crue	elly would treat those whom
		P	R	S
	(a) PQR	S	A.	Sanko shirts
	(b) PSQI		U	5. Adaga 1.
	(c) SQRI			Late to the second
	(d) RPQs	5 1		
34.	call in ques	tion whatever else one may say of	him no one dare his ho	anosty of numbers
	P	Q Q	R R	
				S
	(a) QSPI	别,这是我们就不是多多的。 第二章		become the state of the state
	(b) SPRG (c) QRPS			
	(d) PQRS	[1] [1] [1] [2] [2] [3] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4		CARROLL WATER TO SEE
35.		ever since the COVID-19 pandem	ic began, a fixture of eve	eryday life
	P	Q	R	
	calibrating	disease-related risk		
		S		
	(a) QSPF			
	(b) SRQI		and the second of	via a scillaga a distribution
	(c) PQRS		to it have a paid	for the standard lines
	(d) QPRS			
GHS	A-U-ENG	(5	- A)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

36.	late sixt	ties	he still enjoys vigorou	as he is in his	health; although		
	P		Q	R	S		all made in the
	(a) QI	PRS					
	(b) SI	PRQ					ibina primari
	(c) Q5	SRP					
	(d) P(QRS	ytilidae out Take.				
37.	inviting		ne retort of abuse no	thing is so easy			
			(P)	Q	F	}	等等是74年上
	and an i	unpro	ofitable contest	lemanda i e			
			S ,			-	
		RSP	Alternative Constitution	MOUNT WE COMM	See Charles and Section 1		
		SPQ					
		RPS					
	(d) Q	PRS					
38.	introduc	ces aı	ntithetical ideas an	epigram is a bri	ef and pointed sayi	ng that frequen	tly
			P	D P Q	A A	R	
	that cau	ise or	ne to think afresh			Par Par	are the second
			S		展 / 題		
	(a) P(QRS					
	(b) Q	RPS					
	(c) S(QRP				Section 1	
	(d) Q	PRS					
20	of antitl	bogia	whereby two predict	ted at once ovvi	moron is a special for	rm contradictor	v qualities are
39.	or anuu		P P	Q OXY	R	S	
	(a) D		The second				
		QRS					
		RQS					
		PRQ					
40.	and ma	rble;	they thus mock him	AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY	nemorials to him in		nze
			P	Q		R	
	and beli	ie his	s message				
		RSP					
		QRS	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
		RPS			Water Room Park		
	(d) R	QSP					
GH	SA-U-ENG	3		(6-	A)		957 7 7 7

ORDERING OF SENTENCES

Directions: In this section each item consists of six sentences of a passage. The first and the sixth sentences are given in the beginning as S1 and S6. The middle four sentences in each have been jumbled up and labelled as P, Q, R and S. You are required to find the proper sequence of the four sentences and mark your response accordingly on the Answer Sheet.

- 41. S1: Hunger and malnutrition are outcomes of food insecurity or the inability to access adequate food and nutrition.
 - S6: It is most likely that India is going to miss the Millennium Development Goal in this regard.
 - P: In 2001-03, every fifth Indian was found to be undernourished.
 - Q: The rate of decline in the proportion of the undernourished through the 1990s was much slower in comparison to the decline in poverty headcount ratio.
 - R: Hunger-related poverty remains one of the major deprivations in India.
 - S: In fact, the proportion of undernourished people remained stagnant at 21% in the second half of 1990s, and the number actually increased.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) RPQS
- (b) RQPS
- (c) SRPQ
- (d) QPRS

42.

- S1: The Indian Meteorological Department (IMD) was established in 1975.
- S6: These predictions have an effect on the Indian economy that belies any belief that the economy of our country is not solely dependent on agriculture and the rains that feed it.
- P: The Meteorological Department is perhaps also burdened with the most critical form of soothsaying i.e., forecasting the monsoon.
- Q: The Crop Yield Formation Unit of the department has developed statistical models using correlation and regression techniques.
- R: The IMD issued the first operational long range forecast of seasonal south-west monsoon rainfall in India in 1986.
- S : It is the natural meteorological service and the principal agency in all matters related to meteorology.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) RSPQ
- (b) SRQP
- (c) SQRP
- (d) PQRS

- 43. S1: Let us posit two questions: one, what ails our parliamentary system?
 - S6: Given the current political scenario, it appears that India has yet to develop a strong parliamentary culture.
 - P: To search for an answer, we begin with Rudolf's observation that the parliamentary life has deteriorated in India.
 - Q: Two, how democratic is our democracy?
 - R: For a system to survive, grow and prosper, it needs to be supported by a democratic political culture.
 - S: There is an organic connectivity between a parliamentary system and parliamentary democracy.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) QRPS
- (b) SPRQ
- (c) PQRS
- (d) QPRS
- 44. S1: People of every country think very highly of themselves and consider their country the best or the greatest.
 - S6: We should accept whatever good we may find in other countries.
 - P: And discard what is bad.
 - Q: No country can be absolutely good, just as no man can be thoroughly good.
 - R: One must cultivate the ability to discern the good from the bad.
 - S: We have to keep what is good.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) QPRS
- (b) SPQR
- (c) QRSP
- (d) PQRS

- 45. S1: Poverty is wrongly considered an evil.
 - S6: To abolish poverty would be to destroy the soil upon which mankind produces the virtues conducive to higher civilisation.
 - P: Most of the great men on Earth are those who have sprung from the ranks of the poor.
 - Q: The home of poverty, free from care and social envy, is characterised by love and unity among its members.
 - R: The children of rich men are not so fortunate as those of poor men.
 - S: The poor lead a happier life than the rich.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) QPRS
- (b) SRQP
- (c) SPQR
- (d) QRPS
- 46. S1: 'All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy' There is a lot of truth in this proverb.
 - S6: Games provide recreation for the pupils, and also make their bodies strong.
 - P: Then, they can go back to their books, refreshed.
 - Q: Games provide the best form of recreation in schools.
 - R: Unless pupils enjoy some sort of recreation, they become dull and their reading suffers as a consequence.
 - S: Pupils should play for an hour or two.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) RQSP
- (b) PQRS
- (c) PRSQ
- (d) QPRS

- 47. S1: Sometimes we have to put up with something irksome or unpleasant.
 - S6: But we find ourselves getting accustomed to it in due course of time.
 - P: Suppose we shift into a house near a factory which keeps going all day.
 - Q: As time goes by, we are able to adapt ourselves to it so that it becomes a part of our life.
 - R: Thus, we can get used to anything.
 - S: At first, the noise of the machinery makes it impossible for us to sleep at night.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) QPSR
- (b) PQRS
- (c) QRPS
- (d) SRQP
- 48. S1: A large city is the best school for studying life.
 - S6: Thus a city can teach us many aspects of life.
 - P: If we live in a city for a year or two, we will be able to acquire a good knowledge of life.
 - Q: In a large city we encounter different types of persons.
 - R: The rich and the poor, the proud and the humble, the deceitful and the innocent, the rough and the gentle.
 - S: The various facets of life can be found reflected in a large city.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) PQSR
- (b) SRPQ
- (c) QPSR
- (d) QRSP

GHSA-U-ENG

(10 - A)

49. S1: Great talkers are never great doers.

S6: Those who do nothing are usually the most talkative.

P: Rather they serve themselves and never the community.

Q: But when the time for action comes, they keep themselves away.

R: We come across people who are eloquent over great things.

S: Many who deliver wonderful speeches about their own greatness, do no valuable service to the country.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) PRSQ
- (b) RQSP
- (c) RSQP
- (d) PQRS

50. S1: Leisure is perhaps as important as work.

S6: We should take care to make proper use of leisure.

P: And we feel very tired.

Q: Unless we have some break, we cannot carry on and our health may suffer.

R: Sometimes we work continuously.

S: After a little relaxation, we can work more energetically and efficiently.

The correct sequence should be:

- (a) RQPS
- (b) SRPQ
- (c) QPSR
- (d) RPQS

SYNONYMS

Directions: Each item in this section consists of a sentence with an underlined word followed by four words/group of words. Select the option that is **nearest in meaning** to the underlined word and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

His gibbous looks make him different from Please use conversational language. 51. others. formal (a) hunched (a) (b) complex (b) smart dialogical (c) charming (c) informal (d) disabled (d) 52. My neighbour is malicious. me with her detached 57. tormented generous (a) behaviour. affectionate (b) threatened (a) spiteful (c) (b) ignored (d) magnanimous cajoled (c) distressed (d) 53. I was awe-inspired by his designation. Her peerless manners were noticed. (a) position 58. lovable (a) (b) looks (b) rowdy (c) social status irrelevant (c) (d) personality unequalled (d) Words of endearment always touch me. 54. 59. He studied mensuration carefully. praise (a) (a) measurement (b) fondness (b) questions conviction (c) conclusions (c) (d) wisdom (d) lessons We should follow patience and forbearance. 55. They smothered the fire in the building. 60. (a) constraint lighted (a) (b) encouragement (b) surrounded (c) restraint (c) doused

GHSA-U-ENG

(d)

support

(12 - A)

(d)

saw

ANTONYMS

Directions: Each item in this section consists of sentences with an underlined word followed by four words or group of words. Select the option that is **opposite** in meaning to the underlined word and mark your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

61.	He discontinued the work due to pressure	66. Mohan is quite reticent.
	(a) deputed	(a) garrulous
	(b) resumed	(b) taciturn
	(c) ceased	(c) reserved
	(d) concealed	(d) quiet
62.	The teacher chided the pupil.	67. He was rather childish.
	(a) admonished	(a) infantile
	(b) reprimanded	(b) harmonious
	(c) commended	(c) seasoned
	(d) reproved	(d) exquisite
63.	I cherish your company.	68. John is a magniloquent person.
	(a) deprecate	(a) pompous
	(b) value	(b) turgid
	(c) adore	(c) lofty
	(d) sustain	(d) terse
64.	The house was full of chaos when I reache	d. His clandestine affairs were suspicious.
	(a) disorder	(a) covert
	(b) confusion	(b) conspicuous
	(c) uniformity	(c) furtive
	(d) order	(d) unknown
65.	We worship celestial beings.	70. Some animals live a dormant life.
	(a) utopian	(a) latent
	(b) earthly	(b) inert and an interference of
	(c) transcendental	(c) sluggish
	(d) ritual	(d) active
GHS	SA-U-ENG	(13-A)

CLOZE COMPOSITION

Directions: Each of the following sentences in this section has a blank space with four words or group of words given. Select whichever word or group of words you consider the most appropriate for the blank space and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

		71.		SALE STATE OF THE SALE OF
Bad habits such as o	ver-eating, drinking, o		nave ve	ry easy to acquire.
finalo	of file.		are	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY.
			will	
7	at filgili vil alka i i. 2.	(d) s	shall	
One should fight (a) from the for	ce of habit. Even g	good things can	be very harmful
(c)				an industry and the
(d				
73.			74.	
when done (a) to	excess. The wis	se man is conscious		19.240.96
(b) in (c) wit	1 ASSESSMENT OF THE SECOND		(b) with re (c) of	gard to
(d) as	AII		(c) of (d) with	And the last
(a) ab			(d) Willi	75.
his bad habits and ch	hecks them promptly.	The use of tobacco	has spread all	(a) around
				(b) of
Date State All the	湯/			(c) over
			6.	(d) in
the world. Those who	have acquired this ba		a) barely	be able to
	acquired on the		b) scarcely	be able to
		(c) seldom	
			d) hardly	
get rid of it. Alcohol	, which is more comp		ies than in wa	rmer ones, does
nobody any good and		77. a) particularly.	Alcohol	even if taken in small
nosody any good and	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO SERVE OF THE	altogether.	Zifcolloi,	even ii taken in sinan
		c) at habitually.		
		d) discreetly.	Call SHEAR	
78.	tribial manufactions			THE RESIDENCE OF
quantities, (a) ten (b) doe		's health. For the	victims of alcoh	olism,
(c) leve				
(d) den				A CHARLES NOTE: SALE
79.	HAND THE BUILDING TO THE		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	all security and the second
(a) diagnose	helps, but this condi	tion cannot be cur	ed. Symptoms of	of alcoholism
(b) challenge				
(c) treatment				The in alternation of
(d) chronic	80			
include repeated alco			elated legal and	health issues
	(b)	despite	crated regar and	incaron ibbueb.
	(c)	meaning	January Control	orsomeranist (s)
	(d)	therapeutic		e compression in
HSA-U-ENG		(14 – A)		

G

COMPLETION OF SENTENCE

Directions: Following items features one part of the sentence followed by four alternatives. Complete the sentences by choosing the correct alternative.

- 81. I stopped seeing her
 - (a) for she moved to the city.
 - (b) as long as she moved to the city.
 - (c) no sooner than she moved to the city.
 - (d) because she moved to the city.
- 82. He led the caravan
 - (a) whenever he wanted to go.
 - (b) whichever he wanted to go.
 - (c) wherever he wanted to go.
 - (d) whomsoever he wanted to go.
- 83. Unless you work harder
 - (a) you will succumb.
 - (b) you will pass.
 - (c) you will fail.
 - (d) you will be promoted.
- 84. Had I the wings of a bird
 - (a) I would fly away.
 - (b) I should fly away.
 - (c) I will have flown away.
 - (d) I could have flown away.
- 85. He would be happier
 - (a) was he more honest.
 - (b) had he more honest.
 - (c) should he be more honest.
 - (d) were he more honest.

- 86. No sooner did I arrive at the airport
 - (a) then the flight took off.
 - (b) than the flight took off.
 - (c) did the flight take off.
 - (d) than the flight shall take off.
- 87. I couldn't be angry with him
 - (a) had I tried.
 - (b) should I try.
 - (c) if I tried.
 - (d) even I tried.
- 88. He knows only
 - (a) so much as I have told him.

one and ad and and

- (b) whichever I have told him.
- (c) so far as I have told him.
- (d) what I have told him.
- 89. As you have made your bed
 - (a) you must learn to lie.
 - (b) you must adjust with the situation.
 - (c) so you must lie on it.
 - (d) so that you can lie on it.
- 90. The younger man has more money
 - (a) then brains.
 - (b) of brains.
 - (c) than brains.
 - (d) for brains.

GHSA-U-ENG

(15 - A)

PREPOSITIONS AND DETERMINERS

Directions: Each of the following sentences in this section has a blank space with four options. Select whichever preposition or determiner you consider the most appropriate for the blank space and indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

91.	He succeede	d dint of perseverance	96.	We t	ravelled _	Mr. Barthwal's car.
	and hard wo	rk, involve of the line of		(a)	at	
	(a) in	eartorive estimate agreement		(b)	with	100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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	(c) by			(d)	in	AND THE REPORT OF THE PARTY.
	(d) with	Committee Commit		(u)	"	
00		ich ist od franciscopping agreement (97.	Sure	sh came h	ome train.
92.		his ill health, he retired from		(a)	on	
	his business.			(b)	with	
		egard to		(c)	by .	
	(b) Due (c) As	noon sure la				
	(c) As (d) Owing	to	1	(d)	off	
	(u) Owing		98.	Few	things	are impossible
93.	These are the	e good rules to live			Air	iligence and skill.
	(a) with			(a)	for	angenee and skin.
	(b) by	MARKY STANDARDS				
	(c) off			(b)	to	
131	(d) in	to you want out to		(c)	in	
		The second second		(d)	onto	
94.	People who	are averse hard	00		1.0	
		succeed in life.	99.		The state of the s	r everyone to aspire
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	(c) of			(b)	about	The file of the area and the second of the second
	(d) regardi	ng		(c)	into	
95.	A woman wh	no always connives		(d)	for	
	her children to hide their faults, is their worst					
	enemy.	A THE STATE OF THE	100.		liable	his wife's debts.
	(a) with	us iden Harrin		(a)	for	
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	(d) for			(d)	at	Live Spreaders in
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COMPREHENSION

Directions: In this section you have **two** short passages. After each passage, you will find some items based on the passage. First, read a passage and answer the items based on it. You are required to select your answers based on the contents of the passage and opinion of the author only.

Passage - I

All organisms such as plants, animals, microorganisms and human beings as well as the physical surroundings interact with each other and maintain a balance in nature. All the interacting organisms in an area together with the non-living constituents of the environment form an ecosystem. Thus, an ecosystem consists of biotic components comprising living organisms and abiotic components comprising physical factors like temperature, rainfall, wind, soil and minerals.

For example, if you visit a garden you will find different plants, such as grasses, trees; flower-bearing plants like rose, jasmine, sunflower; and animals like frogs, insects and birds. All these living organisms interact with each other and their growth, reproduction and other activities are affected by the abiotic components of the ecosystem. So a garden is an ecosystem. Other types of ecosystems are forests, ponds and lakes. These are natural ecosystems while gardens and crop-fields are human-made ecosystems.

- 101. The general tone of the passage is
 - (a) critical.
 - (b) satirical.
 - (c) analytical.
 - (d) informational.

- 102. Which of the following is a non-living constituent of the environment?
 - (a) Wind
 - (b) Bacteria
 - (c) Grasses
 - (d) Frog
- 103. Abiotic components of the ecosystem refer to
 - (a) living organisms.
 - (b) non-living organisms.
 - (c) natural surroundings.
 - (d) physical factors.
- 104. Which of the following is **not** a natural ecosystem?
 - (a) Crop-field
 - (b) Forest
 - (c) Pond
 - (d) Lake
- 105. The word 'constituent' in the passage implies
 - (a) constellation.
 - (b) consternation.
 - (c) component.
 - (d) constriction.

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Passage - II

As we discussed food and sang every song we could remember and talked incessantly, we were slowly moving deeper into the Atlantic, and we got the feeling, really, that we belonged there, and that the ships that passed on the horizon were only hurrying strangers. We were actually living on the ocean. We discovered that the birds all seemed to league up at night-time, resting on the water by the hundreds. When we came poking along, we seemed so much a part of the sea that the birds wouldn't move until we were about five yards away. Then they'd flutter off, leaving feathers floating in the water, and settle again a few yards away.

The dolphins and porpoises would come up at sunset and move in among us and the birds. They'd come up very lazily under the birds, which would go up on their heels and flap their wings a bit, and then settle right down again. Two whales joined us one evening and played ring-around-rosie so close to us that Chay could have reached out an oar and tapped one.

We had calculated that we had just enough rations to make England, but the easterly winds caused an agonizing reappraisal. It would have been an interesting experience, running right down like that, but we felt we must not risk other people's lives by making them search for us. We decided to accept rations from the next ship that stopped. Was it a mature decision?

This was also the time when the strain of the voyage really began to tell on us. I wrote in my log: 'I have known fear many times in my life, and indeed I have often striven to develop a situation that provided fear in both boxing and parachuting. I have never known anything like this — cannot be over tomorrow, or for many tomorrows. Somehow it is like being rubbed down with sandpaper. I honestly do not know how many storms there have been now, and each leaves us progressively weaker.'

Tonight we lie and wait. Nothing could save us if we get into difficulties. No ship could get us off these seas even if it arrived in time. We are completely in God's hands, at the mercy of the weather. All night the wind screams louder and louder, and the sound of the sea grows. We talk of many things — the night train to Scotland, the many things we've done, and slowly we are overtaken by an enormous feeling of humility and a desire to return to try and live a better life. The weather reached a climax at 0300 and then declined rapidly. Thank goodness we could not see the sea.'

- 106. "We were actually living on the ocean," implies
 - (a) they were homeless.
 - (b) they were on a long voyage into the Atlantic.
 - (c) they were without any source of income.
 - (d) they were fishing deep into the Atlanticfor their living.
- 107. "... the birds all seemed to league up at night-time," implies
 - (a) left alone at night-time.
 - (b) isolated at night-time.
 - (c) get together at night-time.
 - (d) stay in groups at night-time.
- 108. What did the author write in his log?
 - (a) They faced the worst kind of fear ever experienced.
 - (b) They were excellent in boxing and parachuting.
 - (c) They faced the storms bravely.
 - (d) They starved for food.

- 109. They lost all hope of survival because
 - (a) it was freezing cold.
 - (b) there was no help coming to them.
 - (c) they were facing a severe sea-storm.
 - (d) they were frightened by the whales and dolphins.

- 110. "We are overtaken by an enormous feeling of humility," implies that they
 - (a) have lost faith in themselves.
 - (b) were ready to accept help from the ships around them.
 - (c) needed equipment and food to survive.
 - (d) have accepted the strength and power of nature with modesty.

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(19 - A)

PARTS OF SPEECH

Directions: Each of the following sentences has a word or phrase underlined. Read the sentences carefully and find which part of speech the underlined word belongs to. Indicate your response on the Answer Sheet accordingly.

111.	The	conclusions that they came to are highly	116.	Try t	to knock that vase over.
	1 TO Sect 1 1 1 1 1 1	tionable.		(a)	Preposition
	(a)	Noun		(b)	Conjunction
	(b)	Adjective		(c)	Adjective
	(c)	Adverb		(d)	Adverb
	(d)	Gerund	Salar	(u)	Adverb
112.	This	year marks the quincentenary of	117.	I'd li	ke an ice cream. Are you having one too?
	Colu	mbus's voyage to America.		(a)	Noun
	(a)	Noun		(b)	Pronoun
	(b)	Adjective		(c)	Adjective
	(c)	Adverb			Adverb
	(d)	Article		(u)	
119	I etil	ll cherish the memories of those far-off	118.	Му ј	parents lent me the money. Otherwise, I
110.	days.			coulc	not have afforded the trip.
	(a)	Preposition		(a)	Adjective
	(b)	Conjunction		(b)	Adverb
	(c)	Adjective		(c)·	Conjunction
	(d)	Adverb			
	- 22			(d)	Participle
114.		't think I'll come on Saturday. I have a lot	119.	She	wrote me an anguished letter from her
		ork to do. Besides, I don't really like			on cell.
	parti			(a)	Noun
	(a)	Adjective		(b)	Verb
	(b)	Adverb			
	(c)	Preposition	400	(c)	Adjective
	(d)	Conjunction		(d)	Adverb
115.	The	bottomline is that we have to make a	120.	Ther	re is a visitor for you.
	decis	ion today.		(a)	Relation Pronoun
	(a)	Noun			
	(b)	Pronoun		(b)	Definite Article
	(c)	Adverb		(c)	Indefinite Article
	(d)	Adjective		(d)	Adverb

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



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(21 - A)

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(22 - A)

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(23 - A)

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(24-A)

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