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ARJUN BATCH

ENGLISH कक्षा-10

SUBJECT-VERB CONCORD

ONE SHOT

LIVE | 23 SEP | 3:00 PM



Subject - Verb Concord (Agreement)

कर्ता कर्म दोस्ती / रिश्ता

Rules S + V



Subject-Verb Concord



harmony / तारतम्यता

Module 1

x रिक्तता

What is Subject-Verb Concord?

(Subject-Verb Concord क्या होता है?)

Subject-Verb Concord

वाक्य में प्रयुक्त कर्ता & क्रिया के बीच के नियम

Subject-Verb Concord is the Agreement (समझौता/दोस्ती) between the Subject and the Verb in a sentence

- Subject (कर्ता): The person, animal, or thing that does the action or is being talked about.
- Verb (क्रिया): The action word or helping word.

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कर्ता (S) — कर्म (V)

Male

प्रियांशू खाना खाता है — ①

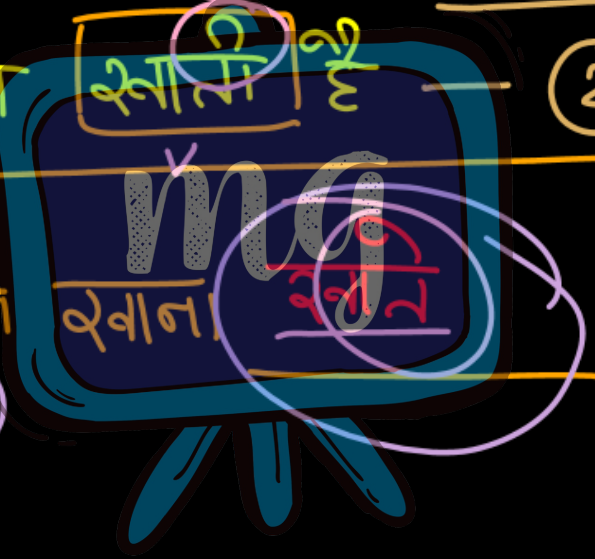
Female

मनीषा खाना खाती है — ②

जोड़ना

Plural

प्रियांशू ① और मनीषा ② खाना खाते हैं।



Subject-Verb Concord

एक – अलग verb

बहु – अलग verb

संख्या

- **Concord (दोस्ती):** Subject और Verb का आपस में सही संख्या (Number) के अनुसार जुड़ना!

The Subject and Verb shall match :–

- Singular Subject (1 item) – Singular Verb
- Plural Subject (2+ items) – Plural Verb

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कर्ता

क्रिया

एकवचन

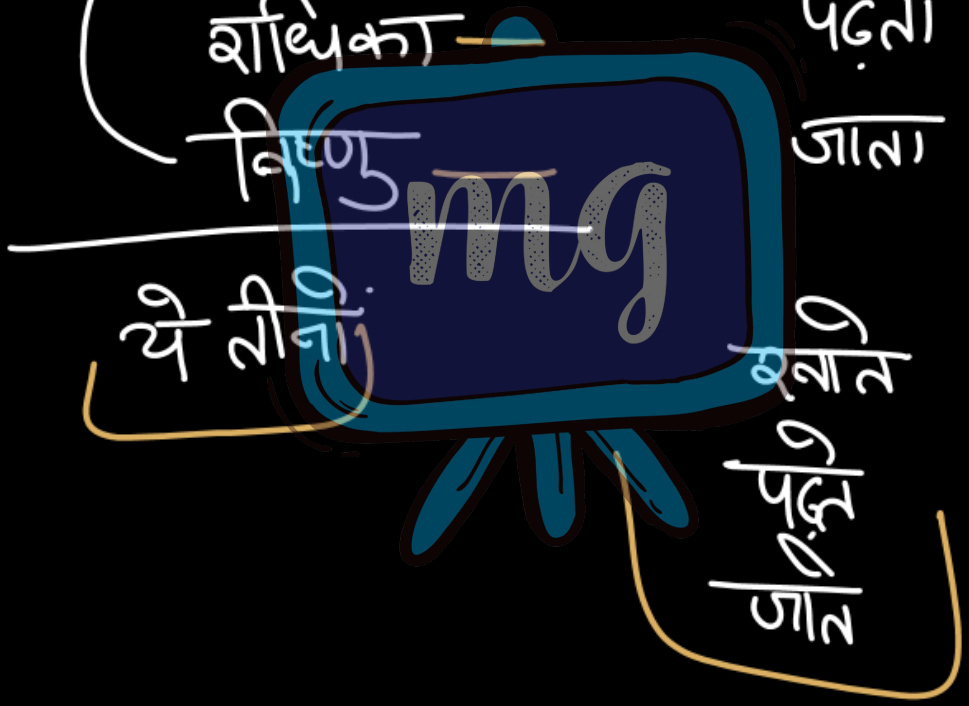
प्रियांशू — बनाना

शाश्विका — पढ़ती — है

विष्णु — जाता

बहुवचन

ये तीनों — बनाते / पढ़ते / जाते — हैं



Subject-Verb Concord

Subject Type	Subject Examples	Present Verb	Past Verb	Has/Have	Do/Does	Action Verb Rule
Singular Pronoun	He, She, It	is	was	has	does	Verb + s/es (plays)
Singular Noun	Ram, Cat, Book	is	was	has	does	Verb + s/es (runs)
Special VIP 'I'	I (मैं)	am	was	have	do	Base Verb (play)
Special VIP 'You'	You (तुम/आप)	are	were	have	do	Base Verb (play)
Plural Pronoun	We, They	are	were	have	do	Base Verb (play)
Plural Noun	Dogs, Boys, Cats	are	were	have	do	Base Verb (run)

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He / She / It — is

I — am

You — are

They / we — are

Boys / Toys — are

Boy / Toy — is

1) Boys ____ going to the playground.
(is / am / are)

2) I ____ feeling sick today. (is / am / are)

He / She / It – was

I – was

Ram / book – was

You – were

They / we – were

Books / Boys – were

1. Ram was eating a cake.

(was / were)



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He / She / It — has

I — have

Boy / Toy — has

We / They — have

You — have

Boys / Toys — have

1) You have my pen.

(has / have)



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एकवचन

He / She / It — plays
Ram — runs
Boy / Book — fights
eats
drinks

बहुवचन

I — play
You — play
They / We — run
Boys / Books — fight
Toys — drink



(ये उदाहरण केवल समझने के लिए है)

Subject-Verb Concord

DOUBT ?



Module 2

Complete Rules of Subject-Verb Agreement

Subject-Verb Concord

V1 + s/es

play + s = plays

do + es = does

sing + s = sings

Rule 1 : Singular Subject = Singular Verb

- When talking about one person, animal, or thing (He, She, It, Single Name (Ram / Book)), use a singular verb (is, was, has, does, or V_1 + s/es).
  - He plays cricket. (वह क्रिकेट खेलता है।)
  - The dog barks loudly. (कुत्ता ज़ोर से भौंकता है।)

1) He play cricket

2) He plays cricket



Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 2 : Plural Subject = Plural Verb

- When talking about more than one (They, We, Plural Nouns), use a plural verb (are, were, have, do, or base V_1).
  - They play cricket. (वे क्रिकेट खेलते हैं।)
  - The dogs bark loudly. (कुत्ते ज़ोर से भौंकते हैं।)

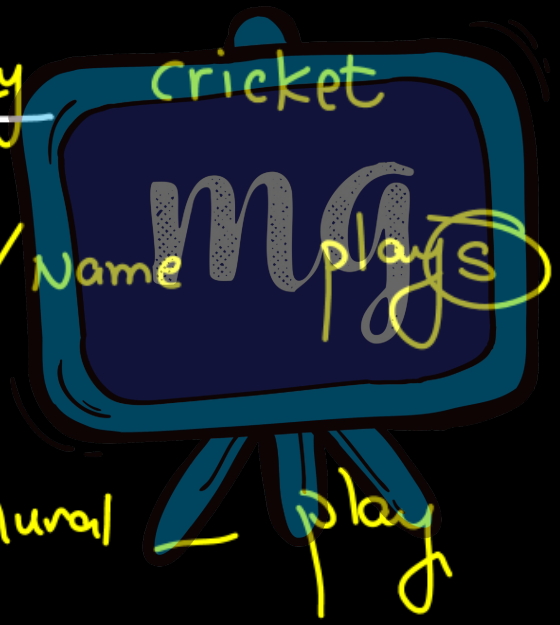
The boy plays cricket.

The boys play cricket

He / She / It / Name — plays

(Es)

They / we / Plural / I / You — play



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1. The books **are** on the table. (are / am / is)

2. A cat **drinks** water (drink / drinks)

3. My mother (माँ) **cooks** food. (cook / cooks)

एक — s/es ✓

बहु — s/es ✗

4. The teacher(s) English (teach / teaches)

Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 3 : The Special VIP Rules for "I" and "YOU"

- "I" uses am/was/have/do/base verb.
  - ✓ Example: I am reading a book.
- "YOU" always takes a PLURAL VERB (are, were, have, do, base verb), even if talking to only 1 person!
  - ✓ Example: You are a good child.

  (NOT You is)

I am a student. (is / am / are)

You play football. (play / plays)

play

VIP

You –	are	/ were	/ have	/ do	/ play
I –	am	/ was	/ have	/ do	/ play

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Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 4 : Two Subjects joined by "AND" (1 + 1 = 2)

When two singular subjects are joined by and, they become plural! Use a Plural Verb.

- Rahul and Amit are going to school.
  (1 + 1 = 2 -> are)
- The cat and the dog were fighting.

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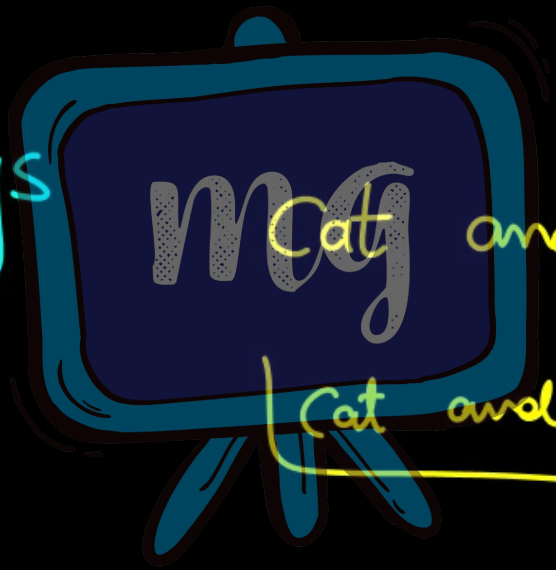
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खाना और खाती

P and M — खाती

Cat plays

Dogs play



Cat and Dog are playing

Cat and Dog eat food

Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 5 : Two Words joined by "AND" making ONE Single Idea

If two words joined by and express a single pair, meal, or concept, treat them as SINGULAR!

- Bread and butter is my favorite breakfast. (रोटी-मक्खन एक भोजन है)

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1 + 1 = 2

बिल्ली + चूहा

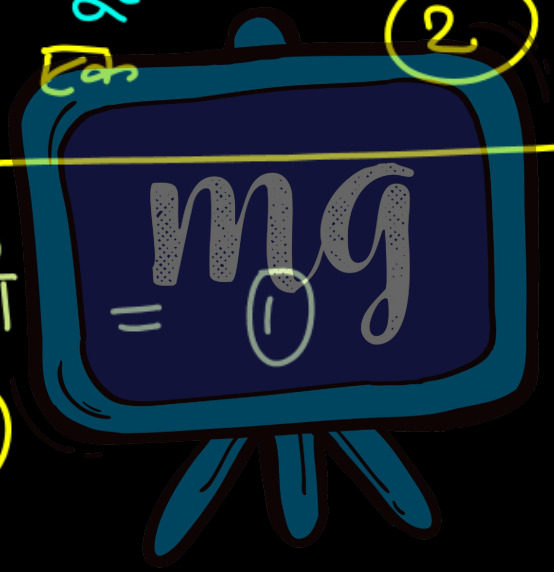
एक एक

2

EASY

ब्रेड + घी

1 1



Subject-Verb Concord

1. along with
2. as well as
3. or together with
4. with

Rule 6 : Joined by "With", "Along with", "As well as", "Together with"

When two subjects are connected by along with, as well as, or together with, the verb agrees ONLY with the FIRST Subject!

- The teacher along with the students is coming. (Teacher is Singular -> is)
- The players as well as the coach are happy. (Players is Plural -> are)

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① + ② → ③

मेरी माँ, मेरी मौसियों के साथ पर जा रही है। – ①

मेरी माँ, मेरी मौसियों के साथ पर जा रहे है। – ②
×

My mother with my aunts is going.



Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 7 : Either...Or / Neither...Nor / Not Only...But Also (Nearest Subject Rule)

When subjects are connected by Either...or, Neither...nor, or Not only...but also, the verb agrees with the SUBJECT NEAREST TO IT!

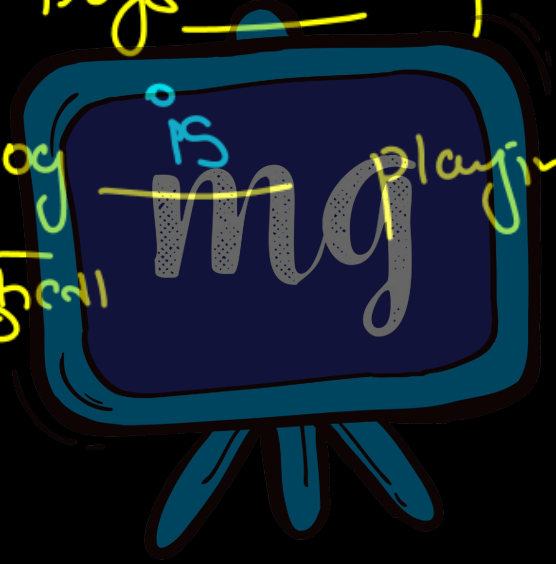
- Neither Ram nor his friends are present. (friends is plural -> are)
- Neither his friends nor Ram is present. (Ram is singular -> is)

Cat and Dog are playing.

Cats and Dogs are playing.

Cat or Dog is playing.

बिल्ली या कुत्ता



Dog or cat plays.

या

P या S

Dogs or cat is playing

या

Dog or cats are playing.

S :- P



Subject-Verb Concord

- Each
- Every
- Somebody
- Nobody
- Everybody
- Someone
- Anyone
- Anybody

Rule 8 : "Each", "Every", "Everyone", "Somebody", "Nobody" (Always 1)

Words starting with Each, Every, Some-, No- refer to people one by one. They are ALWAYS SINGULAR!

- Each student has a new pen. (हर एक छात्र के पास)
- Everyone is happy today. (हर कोई खुश है)

Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 9 : Uncountable Nouns (Things you cannot count)

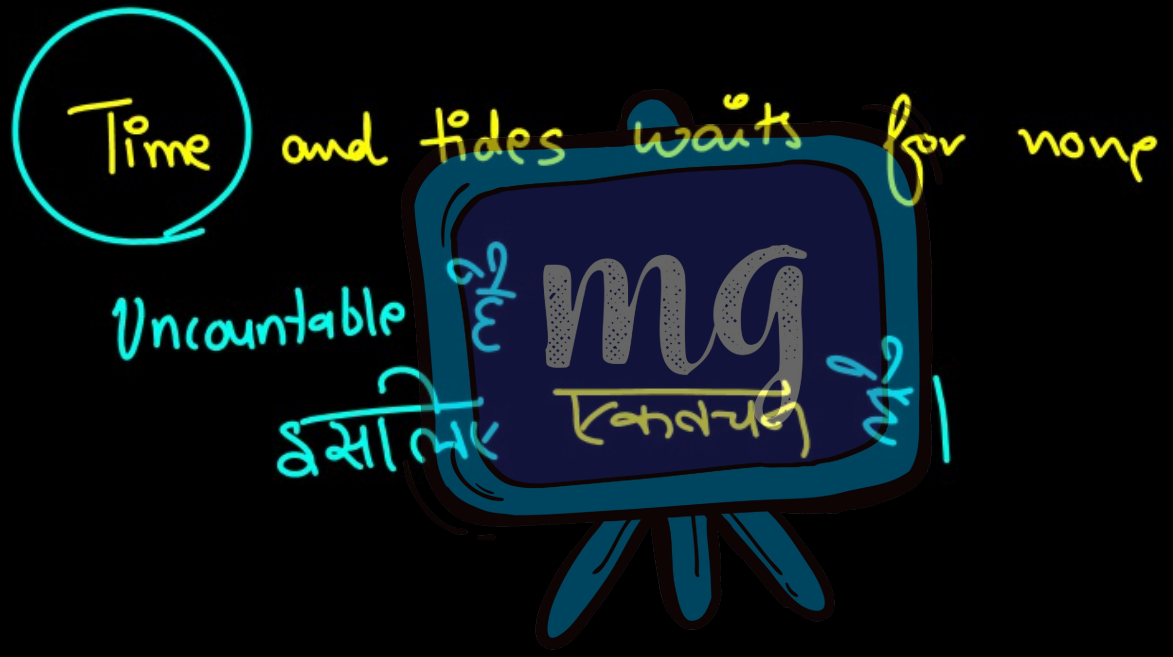
time
tide
money
education
Knowledge
Strength

Things that cannot be counted 1, 2, 3 (like water, milk, sugar, rice, hair, money) are ALWAYS SINGULAR!

- The water is very cold.
- Milk gives us strength.

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Subject-Verb Concord

family army
class
team
batch
unit
committee
society

Rule 10 : Collective Nouns (Team, Family, Class, Herd)

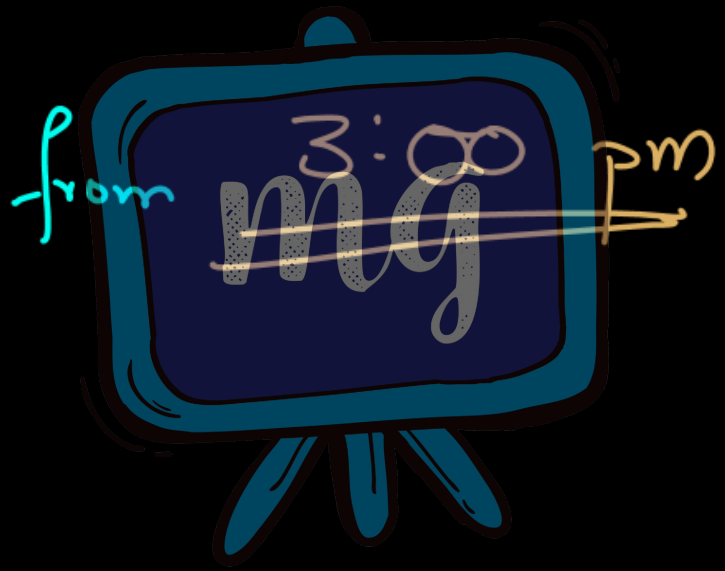
A collective noun represents a group acting together as ONE SINGLE UNIT. Use a SINGULAR VERB.

- Our team has won the match. (पूरी टीम एक होकर काम कर रही है)
- The family lives in Delhi.

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ONE
SHOT
LIVE
CLASS
OF
ENGLISH
10th
CLASS



Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 11 : Plural in Look, Singular in Meaning (Subjects & Illnesses)

Cancer
Fever
News
Social Studies

Words ending in '-s' that name school subjects or diseases (Mathematics, Physics, News, Measles) are SINGULAR!

- Mathematics is my favorite subject.
- The news is true.

Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 12 : Nouns with Two Parts (Pairs)

- Items that have two joined parts (scissors, trousers, pants, spectacles, shoes) are ALWAYS PLURAL!
  - My scissors are sharp.
  - His trousers were dirty.
  - (Note: If you say "A pair of scissors", then use singular: "A pair of scissors is on the table.")

Subject-Verb Concord

5 Km is

10 rs is

50 kg is

Rule 13 : Fixed Amounts (Money, Distance, Time, Weight)

When a plural number refers to a single fixed quantity or measurement, use a SINGULAR VERB!

- Ten kilometers is a long walk. (10 किमी एक दूरी है)
- Fifty rupees is enough for an ice cream.

Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 14 : Titles of Books, Movies, or Stories

- Even if the title of a book or movie contains plural words, the title is ONE thing → SINGULAR VERB!
  - "The Arabian Nights" is an interesting book.

Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 15 : Sentences starting with "THERE" or "HERE"

When a sentence starts with There or Here, look at the NOUN AFTER THE VERB to choose singular or plural!

- There is a bird on the branch. (a bird = Singular)
- There are many birds on the branch. (many birds = Plural)

Subject-Verb Concord



Subject-Verb Concord

Trick 1 : The Magic "S" Swap Rule!

- Look at the end of the words:
  - Subject has NO 'S' → Verb NEEDS 'S'! (The cat runs)
  - Subject HAS 'S' → Verb LOSES 'S'! (The cats run)

Subject-Verb Concord

Trick 2 : The Single Finger Test ☝

- When you see Each, Every, Everyone, Someone, Nobody :
  - Put up 1 Finger ☝.
  - 1 finger means Singular! Use is, was, has, does, verb + s.

Subject-Verb Concord

Cat or Dogs are

Cats or Dog is

Trick 3 : The "Nearest Neighbor" Rule

- For Either...or / Neither...nor:
  - Ignore the first subject!
  - Look ONLY at the subject standing right next to the blank line.

Subject-Verb Concord



Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 1 : Singular Subject = Singular Verb

Rule 2 : Plural Subject = Plural Verb

Rule 3 : The Special VIP Rules for "I" and "YOU"

Rule 4 : Two Subjects joined by "AND" (1 + 1 = 2)

Rule 5 : Two Words joined by "AND" making ONE Single Idea

Rule 6 : Joined by "With", "Along with", "As well as", "Together with"

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Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 7 : Either...Or / Neither...Nor / Not Only...But Also (Nearest Subject Rule)

Rule 8 : "Each", "Every", "Everyone", "Somebody", "Nobody" (Always 1)

Rule 9 : Uncountable Nouns (Things you cannot count)

Rule 10 : Collective Nouns (Team, Family, Class, Herd)"

Rule 11 : Plural in Look, Singular in Meaning (Subjects & Illnesses)

Subject-Verb Concord

Rule 12 : Nouns with Two Parts (Pairs)

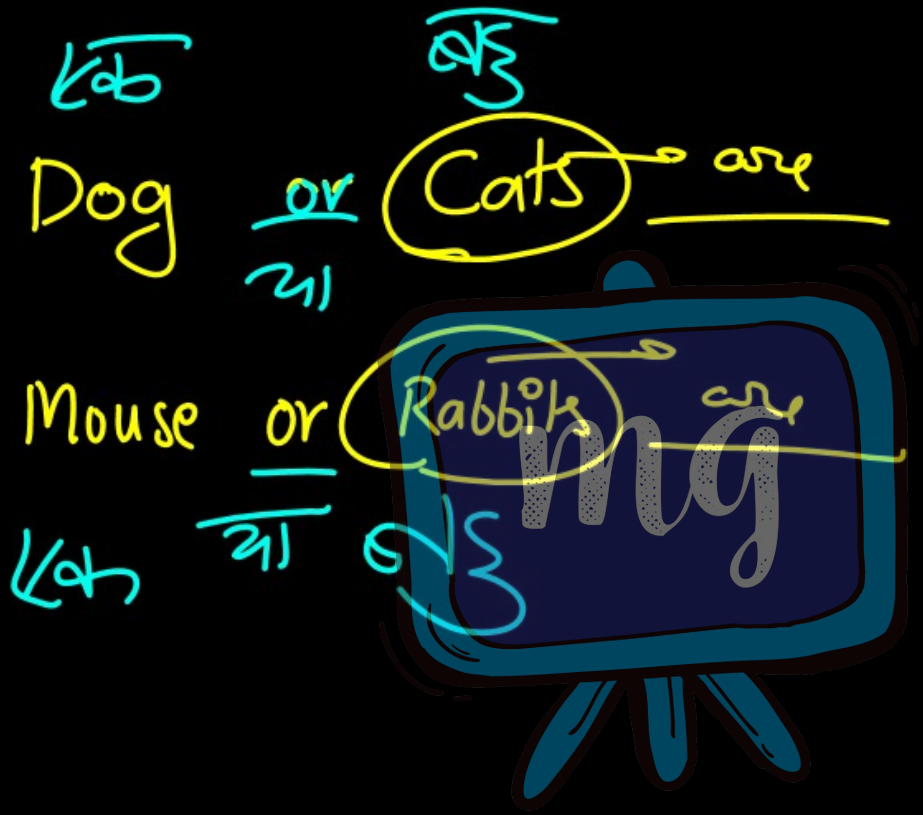
Rule 13 : Fixed Amounts (Money, Distance, Time, Weight)

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Subject-Verb Concord

Worksheet 1 : Practice Rules 1 to 5 (Basic & Joined Rules)

1. [Rule 1] The little puppy plays (play/plays) with a ball.
2. [Rule 2] The children are (is/are) making a sandcastle.
3. [Rule 3] You were (was/were) late for the bus today.

Subject-Verb Concord

4. [Rule 4] Rohan and Sohan have (has/have) bicycles.
5. [Rule 5] Rice and curry is (is/are) my favorite meal.



5/5

V. Good

Subject-Verb Concord

as well as
with
along with
together

Worksheet 2 : Practice Rules 6 to 8 (Connecting Words & Quantifiers)

1. [Rule 6] The king along with his soldiers **was** (was/were) present.
2. [Rule 6] My friends as well as I **are** (am/are) going to the fair.
3. [Rule 7] Neither Ram nor his brothers **have** (has/have) the keys.

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You all are doing very very good!



I am super proud of you!

Keep it up!

Subject-Verb Concord

4. [Rule 7] Either the students or the teacher ___is___ (is/are) in the hall.
5. [Rule 8] Every child ___gets___ (get/gets) a chocolate on their birthday.
6. [Rule 8] Everyone in the class ___is___ (is/are) listening quietly.

Good ☆

Subject-Verb Concord

H.W

Worksheet 3 : Practice Rules 9 to 12 (Uncountables, Collections & Pairs)

1. [Rule 9] Clean water _____ (is/are) essential for health.
2. [Rule 10] Our school team _____ (has/have) won the cup.
3. [Rule 11] Science _____ (is/are) an interesting subject.

Subject-Verb Concord

4. [Rule 11] The news on TV _____ (was/were) shocking.

5. [Rule 12] These sharp scissors _____ (belongs/belong) to my dad.

6. [Rule 12] A pair of blue shoes _____ (is/are) lying outside.

Subject-Verb Concord

Worksheet 4 : Practice Rules 13 to 15 (Amounts, Titles & 'There/Here')

H.W

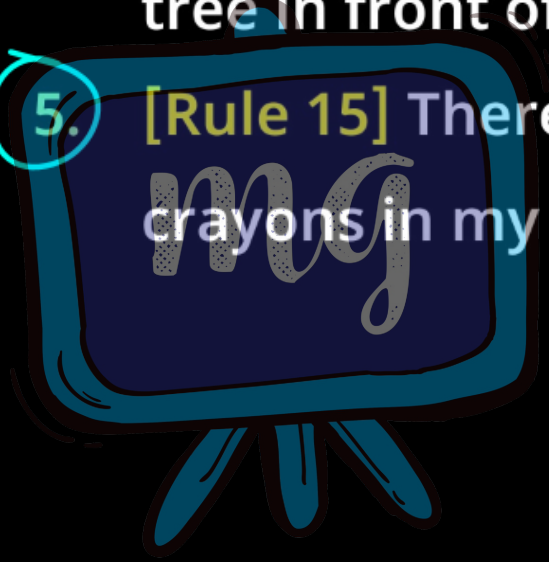
1. [Rule 13] Five hundred rupees _____ (is/are) a lot of money for a child.
2. [Rule 13] Two hours _____ (is/are) enough time to finish this test.
3. [Rule 14] "Tom and Jerry" _____ (is/are) my favorite cartoon show.

Subject-Verb Concord

4. [Rule 15] There _____ (is/are) a big tree in front of my house.

HW

5. [Rule 15] There _____ (is/are) ten crayons in my pencil box.



Subject-Verb Concord

Worksheet 5 : Rule-Matching Challenge!

Column A (Sentence)

1. Bread and butter is a good breakfast.
2. The scissors are on the desk.
3. Neither the cat nor the dogs were barking.
4. Mathematics is easy if you practice.
5. Everyone has a name tag.

Subject-Verb Concord

Column B (SBA Rule)

A. **Rule 8 :** "Everyone / Each" is always Singular.

B. **Rule 5 :** Two words forming ONE single idea = Singular.

C. **Rule 11 :** School subjects ending in '-s' = Singular.

D. **Rule 12 :** Tools with two parts (pairs) = Plural.

E. **Rule 7 :** Verb agrees with the nearest subject in "Neither...nor".

Subject-Verb Concord

Worksheet 6 : Edit Error

1. Incorrect : The teacher along with the students are dancing.
   - ❖ Broken Rule: Rule 6 (Verb must agree with the FIRST subject).
   - ❖ Correct Sentence: _____

     _____

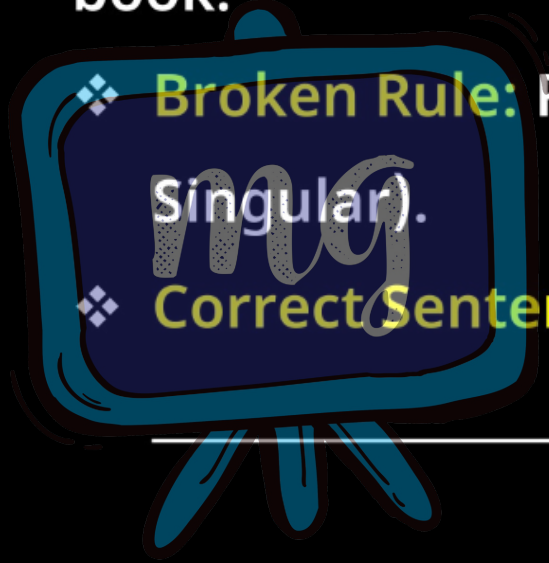
Subject-Verb Concord

2. **Incorrect :** Ten miles are a long distance to walk.
   - **Broken Rule:** Rule 13 (Fixed measurement = Singular).
   - **Correct Sentence:** _____
     _____

HW

Subject-Verb Concord

3. **Incorrect :** Every boy and girl have a new book.
   - **Broken Rule:** Rule 8 ("Every" is always Singular).
   - **Correct Sentence:** _____
     _____



Subject-Verb Concord

4. Incorrect : There are a monkey on the roof.

   - Broken Rule: Rule 15 (Verb depends on the noun after 'there').
   - Correct Sentence: _____

   _____

two

Subject-Verb Concord

5. Incorrect : My trousers is torn.

- Broken Rule: Rule 12 (Two-part items = Plural).
- Correct Sentence: Error – is

  Correction – are

