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ई-पाठशाला कार्यक्रम

CLASS 10th ENGLISH

FIRST FLIGHT

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK



RAPID REVISION

From the Diary of Anne Frank

Anne Frank

Germany → Amsterdam

13 yrs

Diary - Kitty

1. Kitty
2. Family — Mrs. Kupeny
3. Mr Keezing

HW talking



FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

June 12, 1942

Nazi – Hitler
Jew

The chapter "From the Diary of Anne Frank" is an excerpt (उद्धरण) from Anne Frank's famous The Diary of a Young Girl which she began writing on June 12, 1942, when she received the diary as a gift for her 13th birthday. Written during World War II, it reflects her thoughts, feelings, and experiences while living in hiding with her family in Amsterdam to escape Nazi persecution (अत्याचार).

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

1. Anne Frank was a German-born Jewish girl born on 12 June 1929.



2. Her family hid in Amsterdam during the Nazi occupation (सैनिक आधिपत्य) of the Netherlands.



3. They went into hiding in July 1942 in Otto Frank's office building.



Otto Frank - father of Anne

4. After two years, they were betrayed and sent to concentration (नजरबंदी शिविर/कारागार) camps.

5. Anne and her sister Margot died of typhus in Bergen-Belsen.



6. Otto Frank, the only survivor, he found and published her diary.



7. The diary, covering 1942–1944, became globally renowned.



8. It provides a deep insight into life under Nazi oppression (अत्याचार).

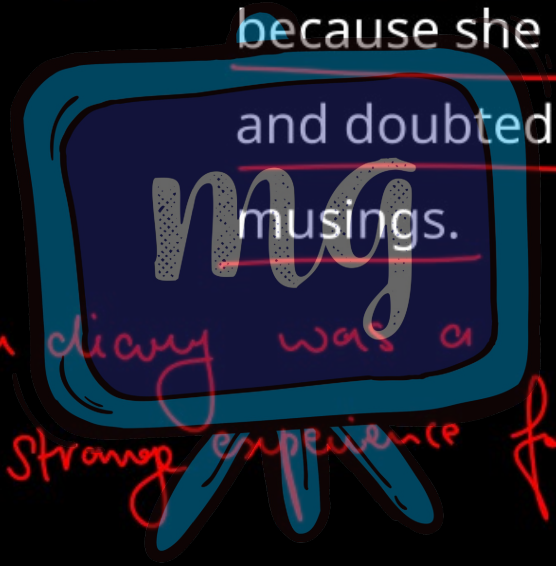


9. Anne remains a symbol of resilience and a widely discussed Holocaust victim.



(Start)

10. Writing in a diary felt strange to Anne because she had never written before and doubted the relevance of her musings.



Writing a diary was a strange experience for Anne Frank.

11. She believed that "paper has more patience than people" and used her diary to express her feelings and unload her thoughts.

12. Despite having a loving family, many relatives, and friends, Anne felt a lack of true closeness with anyone.

13. She started writing in her diary because she did not have a true friend to confide (रहस्य बताना) in.



14. To make the diary more personal, she imagined it as a friend and named it



FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

Part - 2

15. Anne provided a brief account of her life, sharing that her father, Otto Frank, married her mother, Edith, when he was 36 and she was 25.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

16. She described her early years in Frankfurt, Germany, before her family emigrated to Holland in 1933 due to the Nazi rise.

17. While her parents moved first, Anne and her sister Margot stayed with their grandmother until they reunited in Holland.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

18. Anne attended Montessori nursery school before moving to formal education, recalling her bond with her teacher, Mrs. Kuperus.

19. She remembered her grandmother fondly, who passed away in 1942, and honored her during her birthday celebrations that year.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

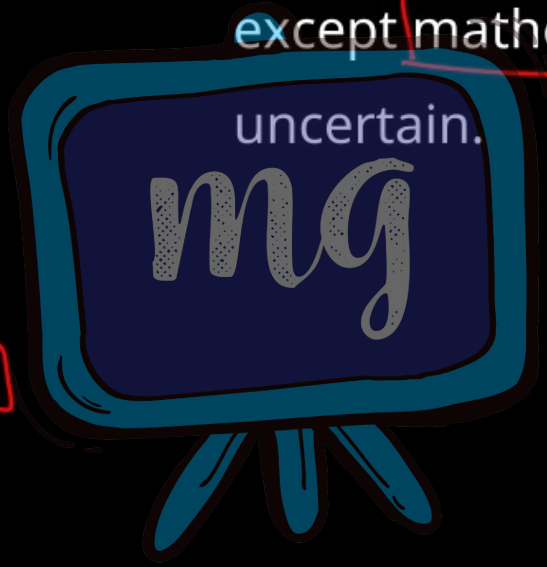
Part -3

20. At school, Anne's classmates were anxious about their promotions, with some making bets about passing or failing.



21. Anne felt confident about most subjects except mathematics, which she found uncertain.

School
Result
mathematics



talkative

22. Mr. Keesing, her math teacher, was annoyed by her talking and assigned her an essay on "A Chatterbox."

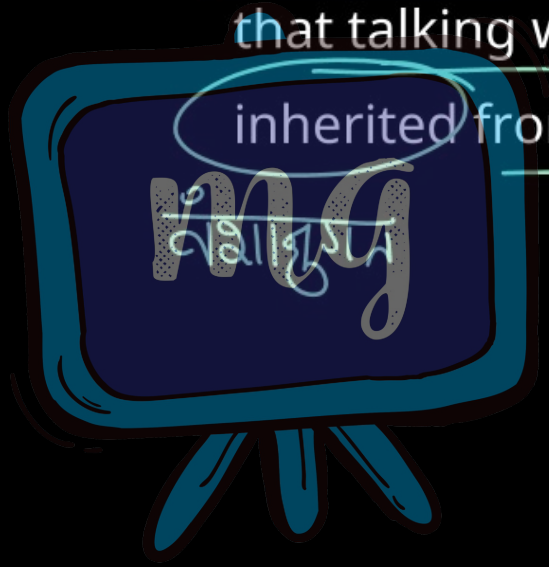
punishment

एक बातूनी



FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

23. In her essay, she humorously argued that talking was a natural trait and inherited from her mother.



24. Mr. Keesing enjoyed her arguments but later gave her another essay on "An Incorrigible (असुधार्य) Chatterbox."

1. A Chatterbox

2. An Incorrigible chatterbox

3. QQQ SMC



25. After further disruptions (बाधा), he assigned her a third essay, "Quack, Quack, Quack, Said Mistress Chatterbox."



FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

Questions – Answer

1. What makes writing in a diary a strange experience for Anne Frank?

Answer :

1) She never wrote

2) no one will be intrested

Two reasons make writing in a diary a strange experience for Anne Frank. One, she has never written anything before. Second, perhaps no one will be interested in the thoughts of a thirteen-year-old school girl.

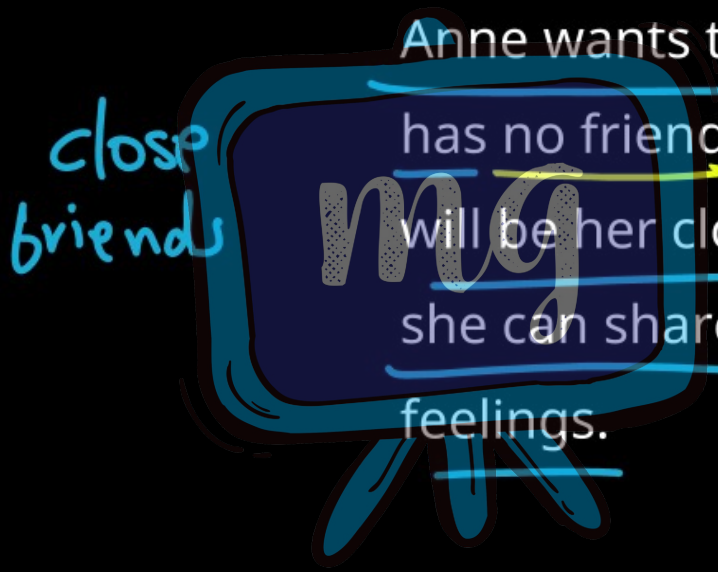
FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

2. Why does Anne want to keep a diary?



Answer :

Anne wants to keep a diary because she has no friends to confide in. The diary will be her closest companion, where she can share all her thoughts and feelings.



FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

Ans. Why did Anne think she could confide more in her diary than in people?



Answer :

Ready

Anne had a strong feeling that paper had more patience than people to listen to her mental state. It was easier for her to write down all her thoughts and wishes that she had in her mind in a diary. Hence, to share her secrets, she felt her personal diary was the best companion, and it was also not meant for anyone else to read.

4. Why does Anne Frank think that 'paper' has more patience than 'people'?



Answer :

Anne Frank writes that "paper has more patience than people" because, for Anne, paper is a place where she can express her innermost thoughts, feelings, and fears without judgment or interruption.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

People, on the other hand, might not always be as understanding or patient. They may criticize, react, or fail to comprehend her emotions and experiences in the way that paper allows her to do freely. For Anne, her diary becomes a safe space where she can pour out her emotions without fear of being misunderstood or rejected.

This statement reflects her desire to be heard and understood, but also her sense of isolation, as she feels that people, especially those around her, cannot truly listen to her in the same way as paper can. The diary serves as a trusted confidante, offering the patience and empathy that the people in her life may not always provide.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

This insight highlights Anne's emotional struggles and her reliance on writing as an outlet for her thoughts in the difficult times she faced.



FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

5. Why does Anne provide a brief sketch of her life?



Answer :

Anne provides a brief sketch of her life because she believes that without it, her diary entries might be difficult for others to understand. Starting abruptly would make her stories less clear and relatable.

6. What tells you that Anne loved her grandmother?



Answer :

She loved her grandmother. It was because her parents went to Holland leaving her with her grandmother in Aachen. She spent some part of her childhood with her grandmother that's why there was a connection and bond between them.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

She mentions in her diary that she misses her grandmother more than anyone.

that she misses her grandmother



परेशान

7. Why was Mr Keesing annoyed with Anne?

OR

What did Mr. Keesing ask Anne to do and why?

Answer :

Mr. Keesing taught Mathematics to the author's class. He was annoyed with Anne because she was very talkative. He warned her several times. But she couldn't stop talking. He even gave her extra homework in which she had to write an essay on the subject 'A Chatterbox'.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

8. What does Anne write in her first essay?



Answer :

In her first essay titled 'A Chatterbox,' Anne Frank writes that talking is a trait among students. She acknowledges her talkative nature and mentions that she inherited it from her mother, who also talks a lot. Anne argues that inherited traits are difficult to change, implying that controlling her talkativeness isn't easy.

9. How did Anne justify her being a chatterbox in her essay? (2022)



Answer :

Anne justified her being a chatterbox in her essay by clearly pointing out that she had inherited it from her mother, who was also as talkative as her or even more. She also stated that nobody could do anything about such inborn traits.

10. Do you think Mr Keesing was a strict teacher?



Answer :

Mr. Keesing was not an overly strict teacher but he did not allow Anne to talk in the class. He wanted to maintain silence and discipline in his class. He gave her extra homework as a punishment.

But later in the chapter we could see that he has been convinced with Anne's arguments and started making jokes himself.

11. What made Mr Keesing allow Anne to talk in class?



Answer :

Mr. Keesing allowed Anne to talk in class after she convinced him with her creative writing skills. He took the jokes in good spirit and was impressed with Anne's arguments.

Her poem, "Quack, Quack, Quack, Said Mistress Chatterbox," which she wrote for her last essay, showed Mr. Keesing a lighter side of Anne and convinced him of her wit and creativity. This helped build a positive relationship between them, and thereafter, he never assigned her extra homework.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

12. Anne says teachers are most unpredictable. Is Mr. Keesing unpredictable? How?



FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

Answer :

Yes, Mr. Keesing is an unpredictable person. He is angry with Anne for being talkative in class and gives her extra assignments as punishment. But later, he finds her essays to be witty and amusing. This brings a change in him and he accepts her arguments.

He starts cracking jokes in the class and allows Anne to talk in the class. He doesn't give her homework again.



13. How does Anne feel about her father and Mr. Keesing? (2024)



FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

Answer :

Anne Frank feels a deep admiration and affection for her father, whom she describes as "the most adorable father." She values his intelligence, kindness, and constant support, especially during their difficult time in hiding.

Her father's gentle and understanding nature provides her with emotional comfort, and she is grateful for his presence in her life. As for Mr. Keesing, Anne initially finds his strictness amusing, particularly when he scolds her for talking too much in class.

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Father :— adorable

Mr. Keesing :— first— strict and later friendly



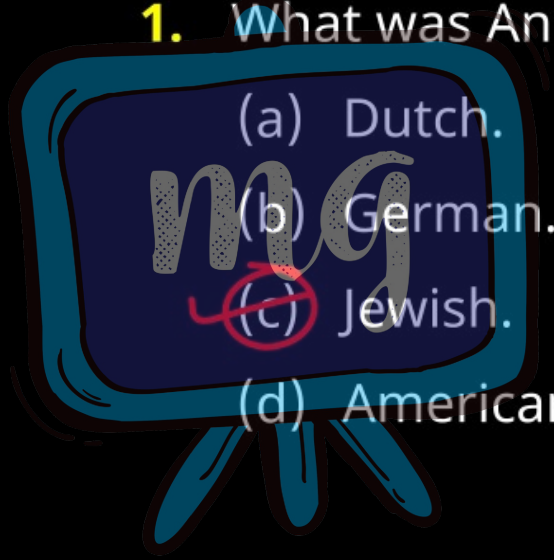
FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

However, over time, she comes to appreciate his sense of humor. She begins to recognize that Mr. Keesing not only acknowledges her writing talent but also accepts her need to express herself.

Though he is strict, his understanding of Anne's creativity eventually leads him to appreciate her contributions, and he even lets her write more freely, showing his recognition of her abilities.

MCQs

1. What was Anne Frank's nationality?



(a) Dutch.

(b) German.

(c) Jewish.

(d) American.

2. Where did Anne Frank and her family hide during the Nazi occupation?

(a) In a forest.

(b) In their home.

(c) In Otto Frank's office building.

(d) In a concentration camp.

3. What was the title of Anne Frank's published diary?

(a) The Story of a Young Girl.

(b) The Diary of Anne Frank.

(c) The Diary of a Young Girl.

(d) The Life of Anne Frank.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

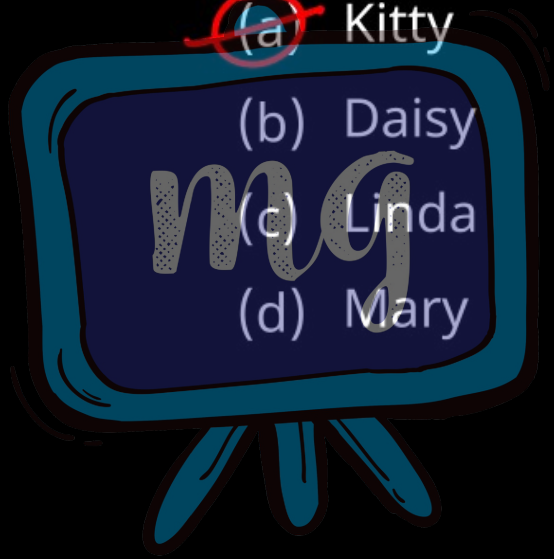
4. What does Anne name her diary?

(a) Kitty

(b) Daisy

(c) Linda

(d) Mary



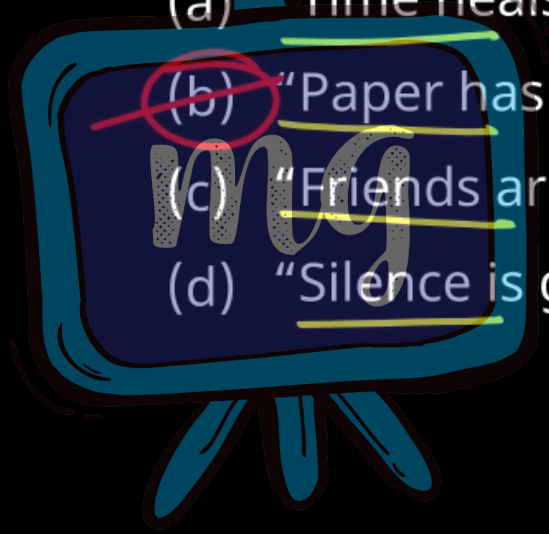
5. What phrase did Anne Frank believe in?

(a) "Time heals all wounds."

(b) "Paper has more patience than people."

(c) "Friends are forever."

(d) "Silence is golden."



6. How did Anne make her third essay unique?

(a) She wrote it in poetry form with the help of her friend Sanne.

(b) She copied it from a book.

(c) She left it incomplete as a protest.

(d) She wrote an argumentative essay.

7. How did Mr. Keesing react to Anne's poem?

(a) He was angry.

(b) He laughed and shared it with other classes.

(c) He ignored it.

(d) He gave her more homework.

8. Where was Anne Frank born?

(a) Amsterdam

(b) Aachen

(c) Frankfurt

(d) Bergen

9. Why did Anne move to Holland with her family?

(a) To escape Nazi persecution in Germany.

(b) For better job opportunities.

(c) To reunite with her grandparents.

(d) To study in a Montessori school.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK



10. What was the date of Anne Frank's final diary entry?

(a) 12 June 1942

(b) 1 August 1944

(c) 20 June 1942

(d) 1 July 1944

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

Q. Give a brief sketch of Anne's life.



FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

Answer :

Anne Frank was a young Jewish girl who lived in Germany with her family. In 1933, as Adolf Hitler and the Nazi regime began persecuting Jews, the Frank family fled to the Netherlands to escape the growing dangers.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

However, in 1940, Germany invaded the Netherlands, and soon after, the Nazis began arresting Jews and sending them to concentration camps.In an effort to avoid capture, the Frank family went into hiding in 1942, taking refuge in a secret annex above her father's business premises.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

They were joined by another Jewish family and lived in hiding for over two years. During this time, Anne kept a diary, documenting the hardships, fears, and hopes of life in hiding.In August 1944, the Frank family was betrayed and arrested.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

Anne, her sister Margot, and her mother were sent to concentration camps, where they tragically died. Anne's father, Otto Frank, was the sole survivor. After the war, Otto published Anne's diary, which became one of the most powerful accounts of the Holocaust.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

The part of Anne's diary shared in this chapter captures her reflections as a young schoolgirl before she went into hiding.

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

Imp

Q. Describe the three essays written by Anne Frank.



FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

Answer :

Anne Frank was a talkative student, and her Math teacher, Mr. Keesing, often became annoyed with her chatter in class. To punish her, he once asked Anne to write an essay on the topic, "A Chatterbox."

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

In her essay, Anne humorously argued that talking was a natural trait of a student and that she couldn't help it, as even her mother was a talker. She suggested that it was an inherited characteristic. Mr. Keesing was amused by her essay, but Anne continued to talk in class, so he assigned her another essay on the topic, "An Incorrigible

Chatterbox."Despite this second essay, Anne continued her habit of talking. As a result, Mr. Keesing gave her yet another punishment: this time, she was asked to write an essay on the topic, "Quack, Quack, Quack, Said Mistress Chatterbox."

FROM THE DIARY OF ANNE FRANK

amusing

Anne wrote this essay in verse, telling a story about a mother duck and a father swan with three ducklings who quacked too much. In the story, the father swan kills the ducklings to stop their constant quacking. Mr. Keesing found the essay so amusing that he read it out to the class and even shared it with other classes.

After that, he stopped punishing Anne for talking in class.

Essay

Brief sketch

Paper - ——

Teacher and mom ——

